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## **SFG Futures Strategy Fund**

**Class A Shares (Symbol: EFSAX)**

**Class C Shares (Symbol: EFSCX)**

**Class I Shares (Symbol: EFSIX)**

**Class N Shares (Symbol: EFSNX)**

### **Prospectus**

December 29, 2017

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[www.sfgalternatives.com](http://www.sfgalternatives.com)

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) and the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) have not approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this Prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.



# SFG Futures Strategy Fund

a series of the Northern Lights Fund Trust II (the “Trust”)

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## Summary Section

**Investment Objective.** The primary investment objective of the SFG Futures Strategy Fund (the “Fund”) is long-term growth of capital aimed to produce risk-adjusted returns and absolute returns over a full market cycle while managing risk exposure.

**Fees and Expenses of the Fund.** This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. You may qualify for sales charge discounts on Class A shares if you invest, or agree to invest in the future, at least \$25,000 in the Fund. More information about these and other discounts is available from your financial professional and under “Shareholder Information – More About Class A Shares” beginning on page 14 of this Prospectus.

<b>Shareholder Fees</b> <i>(fees paid directly from your investment)</i>	<b>Class A</b>	<b>Class C</b>	<b>Class I</b>	<b>Class N</b>
Maximum Sales Charge (Load) Imposed on Purchases (as a percentage of offering price)	4.50%	None	None	None
Maximum Deferred Sales Charge (Load) (as a percentage of the lesser of the original offering price or NAV at redemption)	None	None	None	None
Redemption Fee (as a percentage of amount redeemed within 30 days of purchase)	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%
<b>Annual Fund Operating Expenses</b> <i>(expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)</i>				
Management Fees	1.55%	1.55%	1.55%	1.55%
Distribution and Service (Rule 12b-1) Fees	0.25%	1.00%	0.00%	0.25%
Other Expenses <sup>(1)</sup>	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%	0.95%
Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%	0.22%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses	2.97%	3.72%	2.72%	2.97%
Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement	(0.87)%	(0.87)%	(0.87)%	(0.87)%
Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses After Fee Waiver/Expense Reimbursement <sup>(3)</sup>	2.10%	2.85%	1.85%	2.10%

<sup>(1)</sup> Other Expenses do not include the costs of investing in Underlying Pools, like commodity pools that are not investment companies. The Fund estimates that Underlying Pool expenses, if presented, would be 0.91%, which would be in addition to the Fund’s Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses. This would result in total annual operating expenses of 3.01%, 3.76%, 2.76% and 3.01% for Class A, Class C, Class I and Class N shares, respectively. This estimate does not include performance-based fees, which cannot be meaningfully estimated. The expenses of the Fund’s wholly-owned subsidiary are consolidated with those of the Fund and are not presented as a separate expense.

<sup>(2)</sup> Acquired Fund Fees and Expenses are the estimated indirect costs of investing in other investment companies and do not include the cost of investing in Underlying Pools, which are not investment companies. The operating expenses in this fee table will not correlate to the expense ratio in the Fund’s financial highlights because the financial statements include only the direct operating expenses incurred by the Fund.

<sup>(3)</sup> Pursuant to an operating expense limitation agreement between Solutions Funds Group, Inc. (the “Adviser”) and the Fund, the Adviser has agreed to waive its fees and/or absorb expenses of the Fund to ensure that Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses (excluding any front-end or contingent deferred loads, brokerage fees and commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short), taxes and extraordinary expenses such as litigation) for the Fund do not exceed 1.88%, 2.63%, 1.63% and 1.88% of the Fund’s average net assets, for Class A, Class C, Class I and Class N shares, respectively, through December 31, 2018. This operating expense limitation agreement can be terminated only by, or with the consent of, the Board of Trustees. The Adviser is permitted to seek reimbursement from the Fund for fees it waived and Fund expenses it paid, subject to the limitation that: (1) the reimbursement for fees and expenses will be made only if payable within three years from the date the fees and expenses were initially waived or reimbursed; and (2) the reimbursement may not be made if it would cause the expense limitation in effect at the time of the waiver or currently in effect, whichever is lower, to be exceeded.

**Example.** This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds. The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund’s operating expenses remain the same. The fee waiver/expense reimbursement arrangement discussed in the table above is reflected only through December 31, 2018. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions, your costs would be:

	<b>One Year</b>	<b>Three Years</b>	<b>Five Years</b>	<b>Ten Years</b>
<b>Class A</b>	\$653	\$1,249	\$1,869	\$3,533
<b>Class C</b>	\$288	\$1,058	\$1,847	\$3,912
<b>Class I</b>	\$188	\$762	\$1,362	\$2,988
<b>Class N</b>	\$213	\$837	\$1,486	\$3,228

**Portfolio Turnover.** The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or “turns over” its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Fund shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in Total Annual Fund Operating Expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund’s performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund’s portfolio turnover rate was 19% of the average value of the portfolio.

**Principal Investment Strategies.** The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objectives using two principal strategies:

- **Global Macro Managed Futures Strategy:** The global macro managed futures strategy (the “Managed Futures Strategy”) seeks to provide returns non-correlated with traditional portfolios through allocation (through one or more Underlying Pools, as defined below) to exchange traded and U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission (“CFTC”) approved financial instruments. Implementation of the strategy is based on multiple forms of diversification: 1) across market sectors; 2) across geography; 3) across investment horizon; and 4) across tactical strategies such as trend following and mean reversion. The fundamental strategy will be deployed by allocating assets to multi-strategy single portfolio managers and/or one or more commodity pools (each an “Underlying Pool”), including one or more Underlying Pools operated by Efficient Capital Management, LLC (“Efficient Capital Management”). Efficient Capital Management, as manager of one or more Underlying Pools, allocates to commodity trading advisors (each a “CTA”) – via separately managed accounts according to the CTA’s correlation to the Underlying Pool’s overall portfolio. Each Underlying Pool invests according to such Underlying Pool manager’s trading strategy, and will generally trade a diversified portfolio of commodity interests, including but not limited to: futures contracts, forward contracts, listed options and foreign exchange. Trade duration spans across various time frames and could last over one year. Quantitative models driven mainly by volatility and correlation measurements are employed to control investment biases on the decisions that determine the portfolio’s leverage and entry and exit trade signals.

The Fund will execute its Managed Futures Strategy, primarily, by investing up to 25% of its total assets in a wholly-owned and controlled subsidiary (the “Subsidiary”). The Subsidiary will invest the majority of its assets in the Underlying Pools. To the extent they are applicable to the investment activities of the Subsidiary, the Subsidiary will be subject to the same investment restrictions and limitations, and follow the same compliance policies and procedures as the Fund.

- **Absolute Return Strategy:** The Fund’s absolute return strategy (the “Absolute Return Strategy”) utilizes strategies and investment techniques aimed to produce risk-adjusted returns and absolute returns over a full market cycle while managing risk exposure. These strategies are common hedge fund-type strategies and may attempt to exploit disparities or inefficiencies in markets, geographical areas, and companies; take advantage of security mispricings or anticipated price movements; and/or benefit from cyclical themes and relationships or special situations and events (such as spin-offs or reorganizations). Such strategies may have low sensitivity to traditional markets because they seek opportunities and risks that are unrelated to traditional markets.

The Fund pursues its Absolute Return Strategy by aiming to provide exposure to several sub-strategies. Utilizing a well-diversified portfolio of instruments, the Fund seeks exposure to the following sub-strategies: Convertible Arbitrage, Event Driven Arbitrage, Fixed Income Arbitrage, Equity Market Neutral and Long/Short Equity. Through exposure to these sub-strategies, the Fund attempts to generate positive absolute returns over time. The Fund implements these sub-strategies by investing in publicly traded exchange-traded funds (“ETFs”), exchange-traded notes (“ETNs”) or open-end mutual funds that are linked to a specific index, along with fixed income securities, as part of the overall Absolute Return Strategy.

The Adviser, at its sole discretion, will determine how the Fund allocates its hedge fund exposure with respect to investments made in connection with the replication strategy. The allocation weightings may vary from time to time depending on market conditions and other factors.

**Principal Risks.** Remember that in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, you could lose money by investing in the Fund. The principal risks of investing in the Fund are:

- *Commodities Risk:* Investing in the commodities markets (directly or indirectly) may subject the Fund to greater volatility than investments in traditional equity and fixed income securities. Commodity prices may be influenced by unfavorable weather, animal and plant disease, geologic and environmental factors as well as changes in government regulation such as tariffs, embargoes or burdensome production rules and restrictions.
- *Credit Risk:* There is a risk that issuers and counterparties will not make payments on securities and other investments held by the Fund, resulting in losses to the Fund. In addition, the credit quality of securities held by the Fund may be lowered if an issuer's financial condition changes.
- *Derivatives Risk:* The Underlying Pool's use of derivative instruments exposes the Fund to risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities including leverage risk, counterparty default risk and tracking risk.
- *Fixed Income Securities Risk:* Fixed income securities are subject to the risk that securities could lose value because of interest rate changes. Fixed income securities with longer maturities are subject to greater price shifts as a result of interest rate changes than fixed income securities with shorter maturities. Fixed income securities are also subject to prepayment and credit risks.
- *Foreign Currency Risk:* Currency trading risks include market risk, credit risk and country risk. Market risk results from adverse changes in exchange rates in the currencies in which the Fund is long or short. Credit risk results because a currency trade counterparty may default. Country risk arises because a government may interfere with transactions in its currency.
- *Foreign Investment Risk:* Foreign investing involves risks not typically associated with U.S. investments, including adverse fluctuations in foreign currency values, adverse political, social and economic developments, less liquidity, greater volatility, less developed or less efficient trading markets, political instability and differing auditing and legal standards. Investing in emerging markets imposes risks different from, or greater than, risks of investing in foreign developed countries.
- *Issuer-Specific Risk:* The value of a specific security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller issuers can be more volatile than those of larger issuers. The value of certain types of securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments.
- *Leverage Risk:* Using derivatives to increase the Underlying Pools' combined long and short exposure creates leverage, which can magnify the Underlying Pools' potential for gain or loss and, therefore, amplify the effects of market volatility on the Underlying Pools' (and, indirectly, the Fund's) share price.
- *Liquidity Risk:* Liquidity risk exists when particular investments of the Fund would be difficult to purchase or sell, possibly preventing the Fund from selling such illiquid securities at an advantageous time or price, or possibly requiring the Fund to dispose of other investments at unfavorable times or prices in order to satisfy its obligations.
- *Exchange-Traded Funds ("ETF") Risk:* Investment in an ETF carries security specific risk and the market risk. Also, if the area of the market representing the underlying index or benchmark does not perform as expected for any reason, the value of the investment in the ETF may decline. In addition, due to transactions via market prices rather than at net asset value, the performance of an ETF may not completely replicate the performance of the underlying index. Investments in ETFs also add an extra layer of expenses.
- *Exchange-Traded Notes ("ETN") Risk:* ETNs are a type of unsecured, unsubordinated debt security that have characteristics and risks similar to those of fixed-income securities and trade on a major exchange similar to shares of ETFs.
- *Investments in Other Investment Companies Risk:* The risks of investing in other investment companies typically reflect the risks of the types of securities in which those investment companies invest. When the Fund invests in another investment company, shareholders of the Fund bear their proportionate share of the other investment company's fees and expenses as well as their share of the Fund's fees and expenses.
- *Management Risk:* The risk that investment strategies employed by the Adviser in selecting investments and asset allocations for the Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other similar investment vehicles having similar investment strategies.

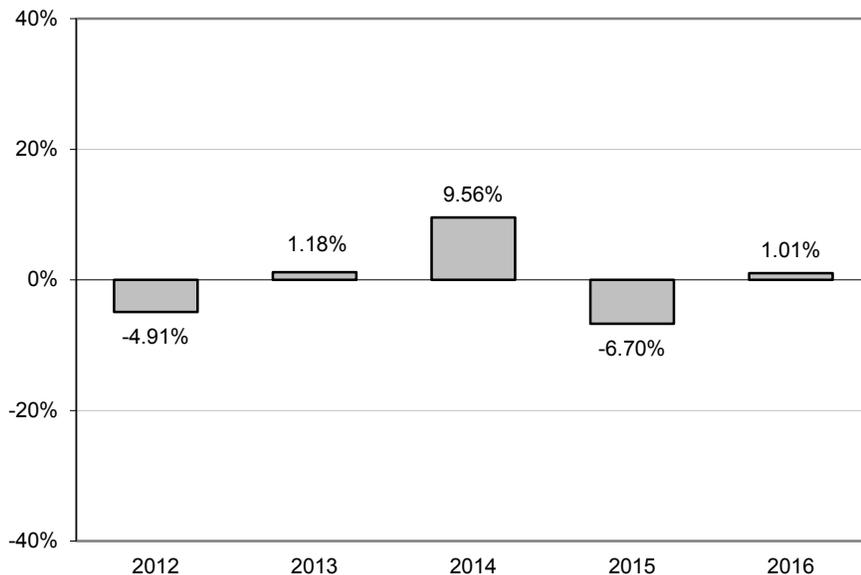
- *Market Risk:* Overall securities and derivatives market risks may affect the value of individual instruments in which the Fund invests. Factors such as domestic and foreign economic growth and market conditions, interest rate levels, and political events affect the securities and derivatives markets. When the value of the Fund's investments goes down, your investment in the Fund decreases in value and you could lose money.
- *Non-Diversification Risk:* A non-diversified fund may invest a high percentage of its assets in a limited number of securities, exposing the Fund to fluctuations in net asset value and total return.
- *Possible Effects of Speculative Position Limits:* The CFTC and futures exchanges have established speculative position limits (referred to as "position limits") on the maximum commodity interest positions and certain related swaps positions, which any person, or group of persons acting in concert, may hold or control. If such limits were reached, the Adviser would be required to reduce the size of the positions which would otherwise be taken in order to avoid exceeding such limits. Such modification of trading, if required, could adversely affect the profitability of the Fund.
- *Short Position Risk:* The Fund will incur a loss as a result of a short position if the price of the short position instrument increases in value between the date of the short position sale and the date on which an offsetting position is purchased. Short positions may be considered speculative transactions and involve special risks, including greater reliance on the Adviser's or an underlying portfolio manager's ability to accurately anticipate the future value of a security or instrument. The Fund's losses are potentially unlimited in a short position transaction.
- *Strategy Risk:* The risk that investment strategies employed by the Adviser in selecting investments and asset allocations for the Fund may not result in an increase in the value of your investment or in overall performance equal to other investments.
- *Tax Risk:* Certain of the Fund's investment strategies, including transactions in options, futures contracts, hedging transactions, forward contracts and swap contracts, may be subject to the special tax rules, the effect of which may have adverse tax consequences for the Fund. Also, by investing in commodities indirectly through the Subsidiary, the Fund will obtain exposure to the commodities markets within the U.S. federal tax requirements that apply to the Fund. However, because the Subsidiary is a controlled foreign corporation, any income received from its investments will be passed through to the Fund as ordinary income, which may be taxed at less favorable rates than capital gains. Additionally, the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") has issued a number of private letter rulings to other mutual funds (unrelated to the Fund), which indicate that certain income received by a fund from its investment in a wholly-owned foreign subsidiary will constitute "qualifying income" for purposes of Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). However, the IRS has suspended issuance of any further letter rulings. If the IRS were to change its position with respect to the conclusions reached in its existing private letter rulings (which change in position might be applied to the Fund retroactively), the income from the Fund's investment in the Subsidiary might not be qualifying income, and therefore the Fund might not qualify as a regulated investment company for one or more years.
- *Underlying Pools Risk:* Underlying Pools are subject to investment advisory and other expenses, which will be indirectly paid by the Fund. As a result, the cost of investing in the Fund will be higher than the cost of investing directly in an Underlying Pool and may be higher than other mutual funds that invest directly in stocks and bonds. The Underlying Pools will pay management fees, brokerage commissions, and operating expenses as well as performance based fees to each Underlying Pool manager. Those performance based fees will be paid by the Underlying Pool to each manager without regard to the performance of other managers and the Underlying Pool's overall profitability. Underlying Pools are subject to specific risks, depending on the nature of the fund. There is no guarantee that any of the trading strategies used by the managers retained by an Underlying Pool will be profitable or avoid losses.
- *Wholly-Owned Subsidiary Risk:* The Subsidiary will not be registered under the 1940 Act and, unless otherwise noted in this Prospectus, will not be subject to all of the investor protections of the 1940 Act. The Adviser has, on behalf of the Subsidiary, filed a notice with the CFTC and the National Futures Association ("NFA") claiming exemption from the CFTC's reporting requirements in accordance with Part 4 of the CFTC Regulations pursuant to no-action relief for certain subsidiaries of registered investment companies. Under this no-action letter guidance, the CFTC provides relief relating to CFTC reporting requirements for commodity pools, such as the Subsidiary, that are wholly-owned subsidiaries of registered investment companies (such as the Fund). The Adviser also claims exemption from the CFTC's disclosure and reporting requirements in accordance with Part 4 of the CFTC Regulations, which provide relief relating to CFTC disclosure and reporting requirements for commodity pools, such as the Subsidiary, that are operated by a CPO that is the same as, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the CPO of an offered pool (such as the Fund). Changes in the laws or regulations of the United States and/or the Cayman Islands, under which the Fund and the Subsidiary, respectively, are organized, could result in the inability of the Fund and/or Subsidiary to operate as described in this Prospectus and could negatively affect the Fund and its shareholders. Your cost of investing in the Fund will be higher because you indirectly bear the expenses of the Subsidiary.

The Fund, by investing in the Subsidiary, will not have all of the protections offered to investors in registered investment companies. However, the Fund wholly owns and controls the Subsidiary. The investments of the Fund and Subsidiary are both managed by the Adviser, making it unlikely that the Subsidiary will take action contrary to the interests of the Fund or its shareholders. The Board of Trustees has oversight responsibility for the investment activities of the Fund, including its investment in the Subsidiary, and the Fund's role as the sole shareholder of the Subsidiary.

- *Regulatory Change Risk:* The Adviser has, on behalf of the Fund, filed a notice with the NFA claiming an exemption from certain of the CFTC's reporting and disclosure requirements in accordance with Part 4 of the CFTC regulations. If, in the future, the Adviser determines that it is not eligible for this exemption or other relief from CFTC regulation, the Fund will be required to comply with CFTC regulations regarding disclosure and reporting. Compliance with such requirements will likely increase the costs associated with an investment in the Fund.
- *Cyber Security Risk:* As the use of technology has become more prevalent in the course of business, the Fund has become more susceptible to operational, financial and information security risks resulting from cyber-attacks and/or technological malfunctions. Successful cyber-attacks and/or technological malfunctions affecting the Fund or its service providers can result in, among other things, financial losses to the Fund and its shareholders, the inability to process transactions with shareholders or other parties and the release of private shareholder information or confidential Fund information. While measures have been developed which are designed to reduce the risks associated with cyber security, there are inherent limitations in such measures and there is no guarantee those measures will be effective, particularly since the Fund does not directly control the cyber security measures of its service providers, financial intermediaries and companies in which it invests or with which it does business.

**Performance.** The bar chart and Average Annual Total Returns table gives some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund. The bar chart shows the performance of Class I shares of the Fund for each full calendar year since the Fund's inception. The Average Annual Total Returns table illustrates the risks of investing in the Fund by showing how the Fund's average annual returns through December 31, 2016 compare with those of a broad measure of market performance. Remember, the Fund's past performance, before and after taxes, is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information will be available at no cost by calling the Fund toll-free at 855-256-0149.

**Class I Shares <sup>1</sup>**  
**Calendar Year Returns as of December 31,**



During the period shown in the bar chart, the best performance for a quarter was 5.86% (for the quarter ended September 30, 2014). The worst performance was -7.23% (for the quarter ended June 30, 2015).

The calendar year-to-date return for the Fund's Class I shares as of September 30, 2017 was -2.89%.

<sup>1</sup> The returns shown in the bar chart are for Class I shares. The performance of Class A, Class C and Class N shares will differ due to differences in expenses.

**Average Annual Total Returns for the periods ended December 31, 2016**

	<b>One Year</b>	<b>Five Years</b>	<b>Since Inception*</b>
<b>Class I Shares</b>			
Return Before Taxes	1.01%	-0.13%	-0.13%
Return After Taxes on Distributions	-0.87%	-0.96%	-0.96%
Return After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	0.58%	-0.46%	-0.46%
<b>Class A Shares</b>			
Return Before Taxes	-3.80%	-1.25%	-1.25%
<b>Class C Shares</b>			
Return Before Taxes	0.13%	-1.04%	-1.04%
<b>Class N Shares</b>			
Return Before Taxes	0.79%	-0.64%	-0.64%
<b>BofAML 3 Month Treasury Bill</b>			
(reflects no deduction for fees, expenses and taxes)	0.33%	0.12%	0.12%

\*The SFG Futures Strategy Fund commenced operations on December 30, 2011.

After-tax returns are based on the highest historical individual federal marginal income tax rates, and do not reflect the impact of state and local taxes; actual after-tax returns depend on an individual investor's tax situation and may differ from those shown. If you own shares of the Fund in a tax-deferred account, such as an individual retirement account or a 401(k) plan, this information is not applicable to your investment. A higher after-tax return results when a capital loss occurs upon redemption and translates into an assumed tax deduction that benefits the shareholder. After tax returns are shown for only Class I Shares and after tax returns for Class A, Class C and Class N shares will vary.

The Bank of America Merrill Lynch 3-month U.S. Treasury Bill Index is an index of short-term U.S. Government securities with a remaining term to final maturity of less than three months.

**Investment Adviser.** Solutions Funds Group, Inc. serves as the Fund's investment adviser (the "Adviser").

**Portfolio Manager.** The following serves as the Fund's portfolio manager:

<b>Portfolio Manager</b>	<b>Primary Title</b>	<b>With the Fund Since</b>
Larry Shover	Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager of the Adviser	December 2011

**Purchase and Sale of Fund Shares.** You may conduct transactions by mail (SFG Futures Strategy Fund, c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC, 17605 Wright Street, Suite 2, Omaha NE 68130), or by telephone at 855-256-0149. Investors who wish to purchase or redeem Fund shares through a financial intermediary should contact the financial intermediary directly. The minimum initial investment in each share class of the Fund is \$2,500, \$2,500, \$1,000, and \$500,000 for Class N, Class A, Class C and Class I, respectively, with a minimum subsequent investment of \$100, \$250, \$100, and \$10,000 for Class N, Class A, Class C and Class I, respectively, although the Fund reserves the right to waive minimum initial investment or minimum subsequent investment requirements in its sole discretion.

**Tax Information.** The Fund's distributions are taxable, and will be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains, unless you are investing through a tax-deferred arrangement, such as a 401(k) plan or an individual retirement account.

**Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries.** If you purchase Fund shares through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Fund and its related companies may pay the intermediary for the sale of Fund shares and related services. These payments may create conflicts of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.

## Investment Strategies, Related Risks and Disclosure of Portfolio Holdings

### Investment Objective

The primary investment objective of the Fund is long-term growth of capital aimed to produce risk-adjusted returns and absolute returns over a full market cycle while managing risk exposure. The Fund's investment objective is not fundamental and may be changed without the approval of shareholders. Shareholders will be given 60 days' notice of any such change.

### Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund seeks to achieve its investment objectives using two principal strategies:

- **Global Macro Managed Futures Strategy:** The global macro managed futures strategy (the "Managed Futures Strategy") seeks to provide returns non-correlated with traditional portfolios through allocation (through one or more Underlying Pools, as defined below) to exchange traded and U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission ("CFTC") approved financial instruments. Implementation of the strategy is based on multiple forms of diversification: 1) across market sectors; 2) across geography; 3) across investment horizon; and 4) across tactical strategies such as trend following and mean reversion. The fundamental strategy will be deployed by allocating assets to multi-strategy single portfolio managers and/or one or more commodity pools (each an "Underlying Pool"), including one or more Underlying Pools operated by Efficient Capital Management, LLC ("Efficient Capital Management"). Efficient Capital Management, as manager of one or more Underlying Pools, allocates to commodity trading advisors (each a "CTA") – via separately managed accounts according to the CTA's correlation to the Underlying Pool's overall portfolio. Each Underlying Pool invests according to such Underlying Pool manager's trading strategy, and will generally trade a diversified portfolio of commodity interests, including but not limited to: futures contracts, forward contracts, listed options and foreign exchange. Trade duration spans across various time frames and could last over one year. Quantitative models driven mainly by volatility and correlation measurements are employed to control investment biases on the decisions that determine the portfolio's leverage and entry and exit trade signals.

The Fund will execute its Managed Futures Strategy, primarily, by investing up to 25% of its total assets in a wholly-owned and controlled subsidiary (the "Subsidiary"). The Subsidiary will invest the majority of its assets in the Underlying Pools. The Subsidiary is subject to the same investment restrictions as the Fund.

- **Absolute Return Strategy:** The Fund's absolute return strategy (the "Absolute Return Strategy") utilizes strategies and investment techniques aimed to produce risk-adjusted returns and absolute returns over a full market cycle while managing risk exposure. These strategies are common hedge fund-type strategies and may attempt to exploit disparities or inefficiencies in markets, geographical areas, and companies; take advantage of security mispricings or anticipated price movements; and/or benefit from cyclical themes and relationships or special situations and events (such as spin-offs or reorganizations). Such strategies may have low sensitivity to traditional markets because they seek opportunities and risks that are unrelated to traditional markets.

The Fund pursues its Absolute Return Strategy by aiming to provide exposure to several sub-strategies. Utilizing a well-diversified portfolio of instruments, the Fund seeks exposure to the following sub-strategies: Convertible Arbitrage, Event Driven Arbitrage, Fixed Income Arbitrage, Equity Market Neutral and Long/Short Equity. Through exposure to these sub-strategies, the Fund attempts to generate positive absolute returns over time. The Fund implements these sub-strategies by investing in publicly traded exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), exchange-traded notes ("ETNs") or open-end mutual funds that are linked to a specific index, along with fixed income securities, as part of the overall Absolute Return Strategy.

The Adviser, at its sole discretion, will determine how the Fund allocates its hedge fund exposure with respect to investments made in connection with the replication strategy. The allocation weightings may vary from time to time depending on market conditions and other factors.

The sub-strategies employed by the Fund include:

- **Convertible Arbitrage:** Convertible Arbitrage strategies seek to profit from the complexity of the pricing of convertible bonds (which contain elements of both a fixed income security and an equity option) by structuring trades using multiple securities within the capital structure of a convertible bond issuer.
- **Equity Market Neutral:** Equity Market Neutral strategies seek to exploit investment opportunities unique to some specific group of stocks while maintaining a neutral exposure to broad groups of stocks defined, for example, by sector, industry, market capitalization, country, or region.

This sub-strategy holds long/short equity positions, with long positions hedged with short positions in the same and related sectors, which attempts to minimize the effect of sector-wide events on the equity market neutral investor.

- **Event Driven:** Event Driven strategies seek to profit from investing in the securities of companies based not on a value or growth investment style but rather on the basis that a specific event or catalyst will affect future prices. This sub-strategy attempts to capitalize on price discrepancies and returns generated by corporate activity including merger arbitrage.
- **Fixed Income Arbitrage:** Fixed Income Arbitrage strategies seeks to profit from exploiting mispricings of various, liquid fixed income or interest rate sensitive securities. This sub-strategy seeks to provide long and short exposure to bond and currency markets, long and short exposure to investment grade credit markets and long and short exposure to forward mortgage-backed securities.
- **Long/Short Equity:** Long/Short Equity strategies seeks to provide long and short exposure to a diversified portfolio of equities which involves simultaneously investing in equities (i.e., investing long) that the strategy expects to increase in value and immediately selling equities (i.e., short selling) that the strategy expects to decrease in value. Long/Short Equity ETFs and ETNs may maintain a variety of weightings of industry exposures and also seeks to exploit pricing inefficiencies between related securities.

## Principal Risks of Investing in the Fund

Before investing in the Fund, you should carefully consider your own investment goals, the amount of time you are willing to leave your money invested and the amount of risk you are willing to take. **Remember that in addition to possibly not achieving your investment goals, you could lose money by investing in the Fund.** The value of your investment in the Fund will go up and down with the prices of the securities in which the Fund invests. The principal risks of investing in the Fund are:

*Commodity Risk:* The Fund's exposure to the commodities markets may subject the Fund to greater volatility than investments in traditional securities. The value of commodity-linked derivative instruments, commodity-based exchange traded trusts and commodity-based exchange traded funds and notes may be affected by changes in overall market movements, commodity index volatility, changes in interest rates, or sectors affecting a particular industry or commodity, such as drought, floods, weather, livestock disease, embargoes, tariffs, and international economic, political and regulatory developments.

*Credit Risk:* There is a risk that issuers and counterparties will not make payments on securities and other investments held by the Fund, resulting in losses to the Fund. In addition, the credit quality of securities held by the Fund may be lowered if an issuer's financial condition changes. Lower credit quality may lead to greater volatility in the price of a security and in shares of the Fund. Lower credit quality also may affect liquidity and make it difficult for the Fund to sell the security. Default, or the market's perception that an issuer is likely to default, could reduce the value and liquidity of securities held by the Fund, thereby reducing the value of your investment in Fund shares. In addition, default may cause the Fund to incur expenses in seeking recovery of principal or interest on its portfolio holdings. Credit risk also exists whenever the Fund enters into a foreign exchange or derivative contract, because the counterparty may not be able or may choose not to perform under the contract. When the Fund invests in foreign currency contracts, or other over-the-counter derivative instruments (including options), it is assuming a credit risk with regard to the party with which it trades and also bears the risk of settlement default. These risks may differ materially from risks associated with transactions effected on an exchange, which generally are backed by clearing organization guarantees, daily mark-to-market and settlement, segregation and minimum capital requirements applicable to intermediaries. Transactions entered into directly between two counterparties generally do not benefit from such protections. Relying on a counterparty exposes the Fund to the risk that a counterparty will not settle a transaction in accordance with its terms and conditions because of a dispute over the terms of the contract (whether or not bona fide) or because of a credit or liquidity problem, thus causing the Fund to suffer a loss. If a counterparty defaults on its payment obligations to the Fund, this default will cause the value of an investment in the Fund to decrease. In addition, to the extent the Fund deals with a limited number of counterparties, it will be more susceptible to the credit risks associated with those counterparties. The Fund is neither restricted from dealing with any particular counterparty nor from concentrating any or all of its transactions with one counterparty. The ability of the Fund to transact business with any one or number of counterparties and the absence of a regulated market to facilitate settlement may increase the potential for losses by the Fund.

*Derivatives Risk:* The Underlying Pools may use derivatives (including options, futures and options on futures) to enhance returns or hedge against market declines. The Underlying Pools' use of derivative instruments exposes the Fund to risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities and other traditional investments. These risks include (i) the risk that the counterparty to a derivative transaction may not fulfill its contractual obligations; (ii) risk of mispricing or improper valuation; and (iii) the risk that changes in the value of the derivative may not

correlate perfectly with the underlying asset, rate or index. Derivative prices are highly volatile and may fluctuate substantially during a short period of time. Such prices are influenced by numerous factors that affect the markets, including, but not limited to: changing supply and demand relationships; government programs and policies; national and international political and economic events, changes in interest rates, inflation and deflation and changes in supply and demand relationships. Trading derivative instruments involves risks different from, or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in securities. Derivative contracts ordinarily have leverage inherent in their terms. The low margin deposits normally required in trading derivatives, including futures contracts, permit a high degree of leverage. Accordingly, a relatively small price movement may result in an immediate and substantial loss to the Underlying Pool, and, indirectly, the Fund. Because option premiums paid or received by the Underlying Pool are small in relation to the market value of the investments underlying the options, buying and selling put and call options can be more speculative than investing directly in securities.

*Fixed Income Risk:* When the Fund invests in fixed income securities or derivatives, the value of your investment in the Fund will fluctuate with changes in interest rates. Typically, a rise in interest rates causes a decline in the value of fixed income securities or derivatives owned by the Fund. In general, the market price of debt securities with longer maturities will increase or decrease more in response to changes in interest rates than shorter-term securities. Other risk factors include credit risk (the debtor may default) and prepayment risk (the debtor may pay its obligation early, reducing the amount of interest payments). These risks could affect the value of a particular investment by the Fund possibly causing the Fund's share price and total return to be reduced and fluctuate more than other types of investments.

*Foreign Currency Risk:* Currency trading involves significant risks, including market risk, interest rate risk, country risk, counterparty credit risk and short sale risk. Market risk results from the price movement of foreign currency values in response to shifting market supply and demand. Since exchange rate changes can readily move in one direction, a currency position carried overnight or over a number of days may involve greater risk than one carried a few minutes or hours. Interest rate risk arises whenever a country changes its stated interest rate target associated with its currency. Country risk arises because virtually every country has interfered with international transactions in its currency. Interference has taken the form of regulation of the local exchange market, restrictions on foreign investment by residents or limits on inflows of investment funds from abroad. Restrictions on the exchange market or on international transactions are intended to affect the level or movement of the exchange rate. This risk could include the country issuing a new currency, effectively making the "old" currency worthless. The Fund may also take short positions, through derivatives, if the adviser believes the value of a currency is likely to depreciate in value. A "short" position is, in effect, similar to a sale in which the Fund sells a currency it does not own but, has borrowed in anticipation that the market price of the currency will decline. The Fund must replace a short currency position by purchasing it at the market price at the time of replacement, which may be more or less than the price at which the Fund took a short position in the currency.

*Foreign Investment Risk:* Foreign investing involves risks not typically associated with U.S. investments, including adverse fluctuations in foreign currency values, adverse political, social and economic developments, less liquidity, greater volatility, less developed or less efficient trading markets, political instability and differing auditing and legal standards. Investing in emerging markets imposes risks different from, or greater than, risks of investing in foreign developed countries.

*Foreign Exchanges Risk:* A portion of the derivatives trades made by the Fund may take place on foreign markets. Neither existing CFTC regulations nor regulations of any other U.S. governmental agency apply to transactions on foreign markets. Some of these foreign markets, in contrast to U.S. exchanges, are so-called principals' markets in which performance is the responsibility only of the individual counterparty with whom the trader has entered into a commodity interest transaction and not of the exchange or clearing corporation. In these kinds of markets, there is risk of bankruptcy or other failure or refusal to perform by the counterparty.

*Issuer-Specific Risk:* The value of a specific security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller issuers can be more volatile than those of larger issuers. The value of certain types of securities can be more volatile due to increased sensitivity to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. The value of each Underlying Pool will be dependent on the success of the managed futures strategies used by its manager. Certain managers may be dependent upon a single individual or small group of individuals, the loss of which could adversely affect their success.

*Leverage Risk:* Using derivatives to increase the Underlying Pools' combined long and short position exposure creates leverage, which can amplify the effects of market volatility on the Underlying Pools' share price and make the Underlying Pools' (and, indirectly, the Fund's) returns more volatile. The use of leverage may cause the Underlying Pools to liquidate portfolio positions when it would not be advantageous to do so in order to satisfy its obligations. The use of leverage may also cause the Underlying Pool (and, indirectly, the Fund) to have higher expenses than those of mutual funds that do not use such techniques.

*Exchange-Traded Fund (“ETF”) Risk:* Investment in an ETF carries security specific risk and the market risk. Also, if the area of the market representing the underlying index or benchmark does not perform as expected for any reason, the value of the investment in the ETF may decline. In addition, due to transactions via market prices rather than at net asset value, the performance of an ETF may not completely replicate the performance of the underlying index. The Fund will indirectly pay its proportionate share of any fees and expenses paid by the ETF in which it invests in addition to the fees and expenses paid directly by the Fund, many of which may be duplicative. The Fund also will incur brokerage costs when it purchases ETFs. As a result, the cost of investing in the Fund generally will be higher than the cost of investing directly in ETFs.

*Exchange-Traded Notes (“ETN”) Risk:* ETNs are a type of unsecured, unsubordinated debt security that have characteristics and risks similar to those of fixed-income securities and trade on a major exchange similar to shares of ETFs. This type of debt security differs, however, from other types of bonds and notes because ETN returns are based upon the performance of a market index minus applicable fees, no period coupon payments are distributed, and no principal protections exist. The purpose of ETNs is to create a type of security that combines the aspects of both bonds and ETFs. The value of an ETN may be influenced by time to maturity, level of supply and demand for the ETN, volatility and lack of liquidity in underlying commodities or securities markets, changes in the applicable interest rates, changes in the issuer’s credit rating and economic, legal, political or geographic events that affect the referenced commodity or security. The fund’s decision to sell its ETN holdings also may be limited by the availability of a secondary market. If the fund must sell some or all of its ETN holdings and the secondary market is weak, it may have to sell such holdings at a discount. If the fund holds its investment in an ETN until maturity, the issuer will give the fund a cash amount that would be equal to principal amount (subject to the day’s index factor). ETNs also are subject to counterparty credit risk and fixed income risk.

*Investments in Other Investment Companies Risk:* The risks of investing in other investment companies typically reflect the risks of the types of securities in which those investment companies invest. When the Fund invests in another investment company, shareholders of the Fund bear their proportionate share of the other investment company’s fees and expenses as well as their share of the Fund’s fees and expenses.

*Liquidity Risk:* The Fund is subject to liquidity risk. Liquidity risk exists when particular investments of the Fund would be difficult to purchase or sell, possibly preventing the Fund from selling such illiquid securities at an advantageous time or price, or possibly requiring the Fund to dispose of other investments at unfavorable times or prices in order to satisfy its obligations. Funds with principal investment strategies that involve securities of companies with smaller market capitalizations, non-U.S. securities, Rule 144A securities, derivatives or securities with substantial market and/or credit risk tend to have the greatest exposure to liquidity risk.

*Management Risk:* The net asset value of the Fund changes daily based on the performance of the securities and derivatives in which it invests. The Adviser’s judgments about the attractiveness, value and potential appreciation of particular asset classes and securities in which the Fund invests may prove to be incorrect and may not produce the desired results. The Fund’s profitability will also depend upon the ability of the Adviser to successfully allocate the assets of the Fund’s wholly owned Subsidiary among securities that employ managed futures strategies profitably and the adviser’s judgments about the attractiveness, value and potential appreciation the fixed income securities in which the Fund will invest. There can be no assurance that either the securities selected by the Adviser will produce positive returns.

*Market Risk:* The net asset value of the Fund will fluctuate based on changes in the value of the securities and derivatives in which the Fund invests. The Fund invests in securities and derivatives, which may be more volatile and carry more risk than some other forms of investment. The price of securities and derivatives may rise or fall because of economic or political changes. Security and derivative prices in general may decline over short or even extended periods of time. Market prices of securities and derivatives in broad market segments may be adversely affected by price trends in commodities, interest rates, exchange rates or other factors wholly unrelated to the value or condition of an issuer.

*Non-Diversification Risk:* The Fund is non-diversified, which means that it may invest a high percentage of its assets in a limited number of securities. Since the Fund is non-diversified, its NAV and total returns may fluctuate more or fall further in times of weaker markets than a diversified mutual fund.

*Possible Effects of Speculative Position Limits Risk:* The CFTC and futures exchanges have established speculative position limits (referred to as “position limits”) on the maximum commodity interest positions and certain related swaps positions, which any person, or group of persons acting in concert, may hold or control. If such limits were reached, the Adviser would be required to reduce the size of the positions which would otherwise be taken in order to avoid exceeding such limits. Such modification of trading, if required, could adversely affect the profitability of the Fund.

*Short Position Risk:* The Fund's long positions could decline in value at the same time that the value of the short positions increase, thereby increasing the Fund's overall potential for loss. The Fund's short positions may result in a loss if the price of the short position instruments rise and it costs more to replace the short positions. In contrast to the Fund's long positions, for which the risk of loss is typically limited to the amount invested, the potential loss on the Fund's short positions is unlimited; however, the Fund will be in compliance with Section 18(f) of the 1940 Act, to ensure that a Fund shareholder will not lose more than the amount invested in the Fund. Market factors may prevent the Fund from closing out a short position at the most desirable time or at a favorable price.

*Underlying Pools Risk:* The Fund will invest a portion of its assets in through Underlying Pools. Investing through Underlying Pools entails a number of risks including:

- *Strategies Risk:* Underlying Pools will employ various active strategies that will trade various derivative instruments including (i) options, (ii) futures, (iii) forwards or (iv) spot contracts, each of which may be tied to (i) commodities, (ii) financial indices and instruments, (iii) foreign currencies, or (iv) equity indices. These strategies involve substantial risks that differ from traditional mutual funds. Each Underlying Pool is subject to specific risks, depending on the nature of the fund. These risks could include liquidity risk, sector risk, and foreign currency risk, as well as risks associated with fixed income securities, commodities and other derivatives.
- *Additional Risk:* The strategy of investing in Underlying Pools could affect the timing, amount and character of distributions to you and therefore may increase the amount of taxes you pay. In addition, certain restrictions on the acquisition of Underlying Pools by the Fund may prevent the Fund from allocating investments in the manner the adviser considers optimal.
- *Leverage and Volatility Risk:* Each Underlying Pool normally uses leverage to increase the level of its trading and its exposure to its strategies. The use of leverage by the Underlying Pools increases their volatility and will magnify any losses by an Underlying Pool. Because the Fund invests in leveraged securities (shares of the Underlying Pools), the volatility and risk of loss by the Fund is also magnified.
- *Fees:* Your cost of investing in the Fund will be higher than the cost of investing directly in Underlying Pools and may be higher than other mutual funds that invest directly in the types of derivatives held by the Underlying Pools. In addition to the Fund's direct fees and expenses, you will indirectly bear fees and expenses charged by the Underlying Pools, including commodity brokerage commissions and operating expenses. Each Underlying Pool will pay management and performance based fees to its manager. Management fees typically are based on the notional funding size and not the actual cash invested in the Underlying Pool. Based on expected notional funding, the management fees paid by the Underlying Pools to their managers will represent between 0% and approximately 12% of the Fund's investment in the Underlying Pools. Depending on the fee, this range represents between 0 to 3% of the Fund's assets. Performance fees will range from 19% to 30% of each Underlying Pool's returns and are computed for each Underlying Pool without regard the performance other Underlying Pools. Accordingly, the Fund may indirectly pay a performance fee to an Underlying Pool's manager with positive investment performance, even if the Fund's overall returns are negative.

The Fund may invest in one or more Underlying Pools operated by Efficient Capital Management. Efficient Capital Management is registered as a commodity pool operator and a commodity trading advisor with the National Futures Association ("NFA"), and has been registered as an NFA Member since March 1999. Generally, Efficient Capital Management allocates trading authority for the pools that it operates to other commodity trading advisors via managed accounts. Neither the Underlying Pools nor any managed accounts through which the Fund or the Subsidiary may invest in the Underlying Pools will be registered as investment companies with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Underlying Pools are commodity pools, and accordingly, are not subject to regulation as investment companies. The managed accounts will rely on exemptions from registration as investment companies. Efficient Capital Management has approximately \$1.5 billion in assets under management as of November 2017. Lawrence Shover, the Fund's Chief Investment Officer, has acted as an advisor to Efficient Capital Management in the past but discontinued his association with Efficient Capital Management prior to Fund's commencement of operations.

*Tax Risk:* The Fund's short sales and transactions in options, futures contracts, hedging transactions, forward contracts and swap contracts will be subject to special tax rules (including mark-to-market, constructive sale, wash sale and short sale rules) the effect of which may be to accelerate income to the Fund, defer losses to the Fund, cause adjustments in the holding periods of the Fund's securities, convert long-term capital gains into short-term capital gains or convert short-term capital losses into long-term capital losses. These rules could, therefore, affect the amount, timing and character of distributions to the Fund's shareholders. The Fund's use of such transactions may result in the Fund realizing more short-term capital gains (subject to tax at ordinary income tax rates) and ordinary income subject to tax at ordinary income tax rates than it would if it did not engage in such transactions. Additionally, by investing in commodities indirectly through the Subsidiary, the Fund will obtain exposure to the commodities markets within the federal tax requirements that apply to the Fund. Specifically, the Subsidiary is expected to provide the Fund with exposure to the commodities markets within the limitations of the federal tax requirements of Subchapter M of the Code. Sub-chapter M requires, among other things, that at least 90% of the Fund's income be derived from securities or derived with respect to its business of investing in securities (typically referred to as "qualifying income"). The Fund will make investments in certain commodity-linked derivatives through the Subsidiary because income from these derivatives is not treated as "qualifying income" for purposes of the 90% income requirement if the Fund invests in the derivative directly. The Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") has issued a number of private letter rulings to other mutual funds (unrelated to the Fund), which indicate that certain income received by a fund from its investment in a wholly-owned foreign subsidiary will constitute "qualifying income" for purposes of Subchapter M. The IRS, however, has suspended issuance of any further private letter rulings of this type pending a review of its position and the release of public guidance on the issue that can be relied upon by all taxpayers (as opposed to the "private" guidance previously issued to individual taxpayers in the aforementioned private letter rulings). Because a private letter ruling applies only to the taxpayer to whom it is issued, the Fund is not entitled to rely upon the private letter rulings issued to other mutual funds. However, the Fund believes that the prior private letter rulings evidence both a correct interpretation of the existing law and the current view of the IRS, consistently applied to a number of similarly situated mutual funds. Accordingly, the Fund intends to treat the income received from its investment in the Subsidiary as "qualifying income" for purposes of Subchapter M. As a result, if the IRS were to change its position with respect to the conclusions reached in its private letter rulings (which change in position might be applied to the Fund retroactively), the income from the Fund's investment in the Subsidiary might not be qualifying income, and the Fund might not qualify as a regulated investment company for one or more years. In such event, the Fund's Board of Trustees would consider what action to take in the best interests of shareholders.

*Wholly-Owned Subsidiary Risk:* The Subsidiary will not be registered under the 1940 Act and, unless otherwise noted in this Prospectus, will not be subject to all of the investor protections of the 1940 Act. The Adviser has, on behalf of the Subsidiary, filed a notice with the CFTC and the NFA claiming exemption from the CFTC's reporting requirements in accordance with Part 4 of the CFTC Regulations pursuant to no-action relief for certain subsidiaries of registered investment companies. Under this no-action letter guidance, the CFTC provides relief relating to CFTC reporting requirements for commodity pools, such as the Subsidiary, that are wholly-owned subsidiaries of registered investment companies (such as the Fund). The Adviser also claims exemption from the CFTC's disclosure and reporting requirements in accordance with Part 4 of the CFTC Regulations, which provide relief relating to CFTC disclosure and reporting requirements for commodity pools, such as the Subsidiary, that are operated by a CPO that is the same as, controls, is controlled by or is under common control with the CPO of an offered pool (such as the Fund). Changes in the laws or regulations of the United States and/or the Cayman Islands, under which the Fund and the Subsidiary, respectively, are organized, could result in the inability of the Fund and/or the Subsidiary to operate as described in this Prospectus and could negatively affect the Fund and its shareholders. Your cost of investing in the Fund will be higher because you indirectly bear the expenses of the Subsidiary.

The Fund, by investing in the Subsidiary, will not have all of the protections offered to investors in registered investment companies. However, the Fund wholly owns and controls the Subsidiary. The investments of the Fund and Subsidiary are both managed by the Adviser, making it unlikely that the Subsidiary will take action contrary to the interests of the Fund or its shareholders. The Board of Trustees has oversight responsibility for the investment activities of the Fund, including its investment in the Subsidiary, and the Fund's role as the sole shareholder of the Subsidiary. Changes in the laws of the United States and/or the Cayman Islands, under which the Fund and Subsidiary, respectively, are organized, could result in the inability of the Fund and/or Subsidiary to operate as described in this Prospectus and could negatively affect the Fund and its shareholders. For example, the Cayman Islands does not currently impose any income, corporate or capital gains tax, estate duty, inheritance tax, gift tax or withholding tax on the Subsidiary. If Cayman Islands law changes such that the Subsidiary must pay Cayman Islands taxes, Fund shareholders would likely suffer decreased investment returns.

Although only 25% of the Fund's assets may be invested in the Subsidiary, that portion of the Fund's assets may be highly leveraged, which can magnify the Fund's potential for gain or loss and, therefore, amplify the effects of market volatility on the Fund's share price.

*Regulatory Change Risk:* The Adviser has, on behalf of the Fund, filed a notice with the NFA claiming an exemption from certain of the CFTC’s reporting and disclosure requirements in accordance with Part 4 of the CFTC Regulations. If, in the future, the Adviser determines that it is not eligible for this exemption or other relief from CFTC regulation, the Fund will be required to comply with CFTC regulations regarding disclosure and reporting. Compliance with such requirements will likely increase the costs associated with an investment in the Fund.

*Cyber Security Risk:* As the use of technology has become more prevalent in the course of business, the Fund has become more susceptible to operational, financial and information security risks resulting from cyber-attacks and/or technological malfunctions. Cyber-attacks include, among other things, the attempted theft, loss, misuse, improper release, corruption or destruction of, or unauthorized access to, confidential or highly restricted data relating to the Fund and its shareholders; and attempted compromises or failures to systems, networks, devices and applications relating to the operations of the Fund and its service providers. Cyber security breaches may result from unauthorized access to digital systems (*e.g.*, through “hacking” or malicious software coding) or from outside attacks, such as denial-of-service attacks on websites (*i.e.*, efforts to make network services unavailable to intended users).

### **Additional Information about Underlying Pools**

Each Underlying Pool, or share classes of the Underlying Pool, is managed by a manager or trading adviser, pursuant to a proprietary strategy. The Underlying Pools use a form of leverage often referred to as “notional funding” - that is the nominal trading level for an Underlying Pool will exceed the cash deposited in its trading accounts. For example if the Underlying Pool manager wants the Underlying Pool to trade a \$10,000,000 portfolio (the “nominal trading level”) the Underlying Pool’s margin requirement may be \$500,000. The Underlying Pool can either deposit \$10,000,000 to “fully fund” the account or can deposit only a portion of the \$10,000,000, provided that the amount deposited meets the account’s ongoing minimum margin requirements. The difference between the amount of cash deposited in the account and the nominal trading level of the account is referred to as notional funding. The use of notional funding (*i.e.*, leverage) will increase the volatility of the Underlying Pools. In addition, the leverage may make the Underlying Pools subject to more frequent margin calls. However, additional funds to meet margin calls are available only to the extent of an Underlying Pool’s assets and not from the Subsidiary or the Fund. Underlying Pool management fees are based on the nominal trading level and not the cash deposited in the trading account. For illustration purposes only, assume an Underlying Pool has assets of \$50 million. The Underlying Pool is notionally funded and uses a nominal trading level of \$200 million. The Underlying Pool pays its manager an annual management fee of 2% of the nominal account size, or \$4,000,000. While the management fee represents 2% of the nominal account size (\$200 million), the management fee represents 8% of the cash deposited (\$50 million) in the Underlying Pool’s trading account.

### **Portfolio Holdings Information**

A description of the Fund’s policies and procedures with respect to the disclosure of the Fund’s portfolio holdings is available in the Fund’s SAI.

## Management of the Fund

### The Adviser

The Fund has entered into an Investment Advisory Agreement (“Advisory Agreement”) with Solutions Funds Group, Inc., located at 300 Village Green, Suite 210, Lincolnshire, IL, 60069, under which the Adviser manages the Fund’s investments subject to the supervision of the Board of Trustees. Under the Advisory Agreement, the Fund compensates the Adviser for its investment advisory services at the annual rate of 1.55% of the Fund’s average daily net assets, payable on a monthly basis.

Subject to the general supervision of the Board of Trustees, the Adviser is responsible for managing the Fund in accordance with its investment objective and policies using the approach discussed in the “Overview” section of this Prospectus. The Adviser also maintains related records for the Fund.

*Fund Expenses:* The Fund is responsible for its own operating expenses. Pursuant to an operating expense limitation agreement between the Adviser and the Fund, the Adviser has agreed to reduce its management fees and/or pay expenses of the Fund to ensure that the total amount of Fund operating expenses (excluding any front-end or contingent deferred loads, brokerage fees and commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, borrowing costs (such as interest and dividend expense on securities sold short), taxes and extraordinary expenses such as litigation) do not exceed 1.88%, 2.63%, 1.63% and 1.88% of the Fund’s average net assets, for Class A, Class C, Class I and Class N shares, respectively, through December 31, 2018 subject thereafter to annual re-approval of the agreement by the Board of Trustees. The Adviser is permitted to receive reimbursement from the Fund for fees it waived and Fund expenses it paid, subject to the limitation that: (1) the reimbursement for fees and expenses will be made only if payable within three years from the date the fees and expenses were initially waived or reimbursed; and (2) the reimbursement may not be made if it would cause the expense limitation in effect at the time of the waiver or currently in effect, whichever is lower, to be exceeded. This Operating Expense Limitation Agreement can be terminated only by, or with the consent, of the Board of Trustees. For the most recent fiscal year ended August 31, 2017, the Adviser received an advisory fee net of fee waivers and expense reimbursements equal to 0.68% of the Fund’s average daily net assets.

A discussion regarding the basis for the Board of Trustees’ renewal of the Fund’s Advisory Agreement will be available in the Fund’s semi-annual report to shareholders dated February 28, 2018.

### Portfolio Manager

Lawrence M. Shover has served as the Chief Investment Officer and Portfolio Manager of the Adviser since December 2011. Prior to joining the Adviser, from April 2009 until December 2011 he served as Senior Advisor to Efficient Capital Management, LLC, an institutional hedge fund which allocates to commodity trading advisors (“CTAs”) in 125 asset classes. From 1983 through 2008, Mr. Shover served as trader and executive at the following Chicago, IL firms: MF Global, KC-CO II, LLC, Susquehanna Investment Group, The Rock Island Company, Lake Index Company and Chicago Research and Trading. Mr. Shover implemented new product launches and risk management operations. He trained and managed scores of traders and profitably traded commodities, currencies, equities and derivatives for many years, nine as President of Lake Index Company.

### Investment Subsidiary

The Fund may invest up to 25% of its total assets in the Subsidiary. The Subsidiary will allocate the majority of its assets to Underlying Pools. The Subsidiary is organized under the laws of the Cayman Islands, and is overseen by its own board of directors. The Fund is the sole shareholder of the Subsidiary. It is not currently expected that shares of the Subsidiary will be sold or offered to other investors.

As with the Fund, the Adviser is responsible for the Subsidiary’s day-to-day business pursuant to an investment advisory agreement with the Subsidiary. Under this agreement, the Adviser provides the Subsidiary with the same type of management services, under the same terms, as are provided to the Fund. The Subsidiary has also entered into separate contracts for the provision of custody, transfer agency, and audit services with the same service providers that provide those services to the Fund.

To the extent they are applicable to the investment activities of the Subsidiary, the Subsidiary will be managed pursuant to compliance policies and procedures that are the same, in all material respects, as the policies and procedures adopted by the Fund. As a result, the Adviser, in managing the Subsidiary’s portfolio, is subject to the same investment policies and restrictions that apply to the management of the Fund, and, in particular, to the requirements relating to portfolio leverage, liquidity, brokerage, and the timing and method of the valuation of the Subsidiary’s portfolio investments and shares of the Subsidiary. These policies and restrictions are described in detail in the Fund’s SAI. The Fund’s Chief Compliance Officer oversees implementation of the Subsidiary’s policies and procedures, and makes periodic reports to the Fund’s Board regarding the Subsidiary’s compliance with its policies and procedures.

The financial statements of the Subsidiary will be consolidated in the Fund's financial statements which are included in the Fund's annual and semi-annual reports. The Fund's annual and semi-annual reports are distributed to shareholders, and copies of the reports are provided without charge upon request as indicated on the back cover of this Prospectus. Please refer to the SAI for additional information about the organization and management of the Subsidiary.

## Shareholder Information

### Choosing a Share Class

The Trust has adopted a multiple class plan that allows the Fund to offer one or more classes of shares. The Fund has registered four classes of shares – Class A shares, Class C shares, Class I shares and Class N shares. The different classes of shares represent investments in the same portfolio of securities, but the classes are subject to different expenses and may have different share prices as outlined below:

- Class A shares are charged a front-end sales load. The Class A shares are also charged a 0.25% Rule 12b-1 distribution and servicing fee. Class A shares are generally offered through financial intermediary platforms, including, but not limited to, traditional brokerage platforms. Class A Shares of the Fund have not yet commenced operations and are not yet available for purchase.
- Class C shares are sold without an initial sales charge, but are subject to a 1.00% Rule 12b-1 distribution and servicing fee. This means that 100% of your initial investment is placed into shares of the Fund. Class C shares are generally offered through financial intermediary platforms, including, but not limited to, traditional brokerage platforms.
- Class I shares are sold at NAV without an initial sales charge. This means that 100% of your initial investment is placed into shares of the Fund.
- Class N shares are sold without an initial sales charge, but are subject to a 0.25% Rule 12b-1 distribution and servicing fee. This means that 100% of your initial investment is placed into shares of the Fund. Class N shares are generally offered through financial intermediary platforms, including, but not limited to, asset allocation, mutual fund wrap, or other discretionary and non-discretionary fee-based investment advisory programs, as well as directly from the Fund's distributor.

### More About Class A Shares

Class A shares are offered at their public offering price, which is NAV plus the applicable sales charge and is subject to 12b-1 distribution fees of up to 0.25% of the average daily net assets of Class A shares. Class A shares are generally offered through financial intermediary platforms, including, but not limited to, traditional brokerage platforms. The minimum initial investment in Class A shares of the Fund is \$2,500. The minimum subsequent investment in Class A shares of the Fund is \$250 for all other accounts. The sales charge varies, depending on how much you invest. There are no sales charges on reinvested distributions. The Fund reserves the right to waive sales charges at its discretion. The following sales charges apply to your purchases of Class A shares of the Fund:

Amount of Transaction	Sales Charge as % of Public Offering Price <sup>(1)</sup>	Sales Charge as % of Net Amount Invested	Dealer Reallowance as a Percentage of Public Offering Price
Less than \$25,000	4.50%	4.71%	3.75%
\$25,000 but less than \$50,000	4.00%	4.16%	3.25%
\$50,000 but less than \$100,000	3.50%	3.63%	2.75%
\$100,000 but less than \$250,000	2.50%	2.56%	1.75%
\$250,000 but less than \$500,000	1.25%	1.27%	0.75%
\$500,000 but less than \$1,000,000	0.75%	0.76%	0.25%
\$1,000,000 or more	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

<sup>(1)</sup> Offering price includes the front-end sales load. The sales charge you pay may differ slightly from the amount set forth above because of rounding that occurs in the calculation used to determine your sales charge.

## Reducing Your Sales Charge

You may be eligible to purchase Class A shares at a reduced sales charge. To qualify for these reductions, you must notify the Fund's distributor, Northern Lights Distributors, LLC (the "distributor"), in writing and supply your account number at the time of purchase. You may combine your purchase with those of your "immediate family" (your spouse and your children under the age of 21) for purposes of determining eligibility. If applicable, you will need to provide the account numbers of your spouse and your minor children as well as the ages of your minor children.

**Letter of Intent.** Under a Letter of Intent ("LOI"), you commit to purchase a specified dollar amount of Class A shares of the Fund, with a minimum of \$50,000, during a 13-month period. At your written request, Class A shares purchases made during the previous 90 days may be included. The amount you agree to purchase determines the initial sales charge you pay. If the full-face amount of the LOI is not invested by the end of the 13-month period, your account will be adjusted to the higher initial sales charge level for the amount actually invested. You are not legally bound by the terms of your LOI to purchase the amount of your shares stated in the LOI. The LOI does, however, authorize the Fund to hold in escrow 5% of the total amount you intend to purchase. If you do not complete the total intended purchase at the end of the 13 month period, the Fund's transfer agent will redeem the necessary portion of the escrowed shares to make up the difference between the reduced rate sales charge (based on the amount you intended to purchase) and the sales charge that would normally apply (based on the actual amount you purchased).

**Rights of Accumulation.** To qualify for the lower sales charge rates that apply to larger purchases of Class A shares, you may combine your new purchases of Class A shares with Class A shares of the Fund that you already own. The applicable initial sales charge for the new purchase is based on the total of your current purchase and the current value of all other Class A shares that you own. The reduced sales charge will apply only to current purchases and must be requested in writing when you buy your shares.

Shares of the Fund held as follows cannot be combined with your current purchase for purposes of reduced sales charges:

- Shares held indirectly through financial intermediaries other than your current purchase broker-dealer (for example, a different broker-dealer, a bank, a separate insurance company account or an investment advisor);
- Shares held through an administrator or trustee/custodian of an Employer Sponsored Retirement Plan (for example, a 401(k) plan) other than employer-sponsored IRAs;
- Shares held directly in the Fund account on which the broker-dealer (financial advisor) of record is different than your current purchase broker-dealer.

## Waiving Your Class A Sales Charge

The sales charge on purchases of Class A shares is waived for certain types of investors, including:

- Current and retired directors and officers of the Fund sponsored by the Adviser or any of its subsidiaries, their families (*e.g.*, spouse, children, mother or father) and any purchases referred through the Adviser.
- Employees of the Adviser and their families, or any full-time employee or registered representative of the distributor or of broker-dealers having dealer agreements with the distributor (a "Selling Broker") and their immediate families (or any trust, pension, profit sharing or other benefit plan for the benefit of such persons).
- Any full-time employee of a bank, savings and loan, credit union or other financial institution that utilizes a Selling Broker to clear purchases of the fund's shares and their immediate families.
- Participants in certain "wrap-fee" or asset allocation programs or other fee-based arrangements sponsored by broker-dealers and other financial institutions that have entered into agreements with the distributor.
- Clients of financial intermediaries that have entered into arrangements with the distributor providing for the shares to be used in particular investment products made available to such clients and for which such registered investment advisors may charge a separate fee.
- Institutional investors (which may include bank trust departments and registered investment advisors).
- Any accounts established on behalf of registered investment advisors or their clients by broker-dealers that charge a transaction fee and that have entered into agreements with the distributor.
- Separate accounts used to fund certain unregistered variable annuity contracts or Section 403(b) or 401(a) or (k) accounts.
- Employer-sponsored retirement or benefit plans with total plan assets in excess of \$5 million where the plan's investments in the Fund are part of an omnibus account. A minimum initial investment of \$1 million in the Fund is required. The distributor in its sole discretion may waive these minimum dollar requirements.

The Fund does not waive sales charges for the reinvestment of proceeds from the sale of shares of a different fund where those shares were subject to a front-end sales charge (sometimes called an “NAV transfer”). Whether a sales charge waiver is available for your retirement plan or charitable account depends upon the policies and procedures of your intermediary. Please consult your financial adviser for further information.

The Fund also reserves the right to enter into agreements that reduce or eliminate sales charges for groups or classes of shareholders, or for Fund shares included in other investment plans such as “wrap accounts.” If you own Fund shares as part of another account or package, such as an IRA or a sweep account, you should read the terms and conditions that apply for that account. Those terms and conditions may supersede the terms and conditions discussed here. Contact your selling agent for further information.

Further information regarding the Fund’s sales charges, breakpoints and waivers is available free of charge upon request.

### **More About Class C Shares**

Class C shares of the Fund are sold at NAV without an initial sales charge. This means that 100% of your initial investment is placed into shares of the Fund. Class C shares pay up to 1.00% on an annualized basis of the average daily net assets as reimbursement or compensation for service and distribution-related activities with respect to the Fund and/or shareholder services. Over time, fees paid under this distribution and service plan will increase the cost of a Class C shareholder’s investment and may cost more than other types of sales charges. The minimum initial investment in Class C shares of the Fund is \$1,000. The minimum subsequent investment in Class C shares of the Fund is \$100.

### **More About Class I Shares**

Class I shares may be purchased without the imposition of any sales charges. The Fund offers Class I shares primarily for direct investment by investors such as pension and profit-sharing plans, employee benefit trusts, endowments, foundations, corporations and high net worth individuals. Class I shares may also be offered through certain financial intermediaries (including broker-dealers) and their agents in fee based and other programs. In these programs financial intermediaries have made arrangements with the Fund and are authorized to buy and sell shares of the Fund that charge their customers transaction or other distribution or service fees with respect to their customers’ investments in the Fund. Class I shares are sold at NAV without an initial sales charge, and are not subject to 12b-1 distribution fees. The minimum initial investment in Class I shares of the Fund is \$500,000. The minimum subsequent investment in Class I shares of the Fund is \$10,000.

### **More About Class N Shares**

Class N shares of the Fund are sold at NAV without an initial sales charge. Class N shares are generally offered through financial intermediary platforms, including, but not limited to, retirement platforms and asset allocation, mutual fund wrap, or other discretionary or nondiscretionary fee-based investment advisory programs. This means that 100% of your initial investment is placed into shares of the Fund. Class N shares pay up to 0.25% on an annualized basis of the average daily net assets as reimbursement or compensation for service and distribution-related activities with respect to the Fund and/or shareholder services. Over time, fees paid under this distribution and service plan will increase the cost of a Class N shareholder’s investment and may cost more than other types of sales charges. The minimum initial investment in Class N shares of the Fund is \$2,500. The minimum subsequent investment in Class N shares of the Fund is \$100.

### **Share Price**

Shares of the Fund are sold at net asset value (“NAV”). The NAV of the Fund is determined at close of regular trading (normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern Time) on each day the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”) is open for business. NAV is computed by determining, on a per class basis, the aggregate market value of all assets of the Fund, less its liabilities, divided by the total number of shares outstanding ((assets-liabilities)/number of shares = NAV). The NYSE is closed on weekends and New Year’s Day, Martin Luther King, Jr. Day, Presidents’ Day, Good Friday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. The NAV takes into account, on a per class basis, the expenses and fees of the Fund, including management, administration, and distribution fees, which are accrued daily. The determination of NAV for a share class for a particular day is applicable to all applications for the purchase of shares, as well as all requests for the redemption of shares, received by the Fund (or an authorized broker or agent, or its authorized designee) before the close of trading on the NYSE on that day.

Generally, the Fund’s securities are valued each day at the last quoted sales price on each security’s primary exchange. Securities traded or dealt in upon one or more securities exchanges (whether domestic or foreign) for which market quotations are readily available and not subject to restrictions against resale shall be valued at the last quoted sales price on the primary exchange or, in the absence of a sale on the primary exchange, at the mean between the current bid ask prices on such exchanges. Securities

primarily traded in the National Association of Securities Dealers' Automated Quotation System ("NASDAQ") National Market System for which market quotations are readily available shall be valued using the NASDAQ Official Closing Price. Securities that are not traded or dealt in any securities exchange (whether domestic or foreign) and for which over-the-counter market quotations are readily available generally shall be valued at the last sale price or, in the absence of a sale, at the mean between the current bid and ask price on such over-the-counter market. Debt securities not traded on an exchange may be valued at prices supplied by a pricing agent(s) based on broker or dealer supplied valuations or matrix pricing, a method of valuing securities by reference to the value of other securities with similar characteristics, such as rating, interest rate and maturity.

If market quotations are not readily available, securities will be valued at their fair market value as determined using the "fair value" procedures approved by the Board. Fair value pricing involves subjective judgments and it is possible that the fair value determined for a security may be materially different from the value that could be realized upon the sale of that security. The fair value prices can differ from market prices when they become available or when a price becomes available. The Board has delegated execution of these procedures to a fair value team composed of one or more officers from each of the (i) Trust, (ii) administrator, and (iii) Advisor and/or sub-Advisor. The team may also enlist third party consultants such as an audit firm or financial officer of a security issuer on an as-needed basis to assist in determining a security-specific fair value. The Board reviews and ratifies the execution of this process and the resultant fair value prices at least quarterly to assure the process produces reliable results.

The Fund may use independent pricing services to assist in calculating the value of the Fund's securities. In addition, market prices for foreign securities are not determined at the same time of day as the NAV for the Fund. Because the Fund may invest in underlying ETFs which hold portfolio securities primarily listed on foreign exchanges, and these exchanges may trade on weekends or other days when the underlying ETFs do not price their shares, the value of some of the Fund's portfolio securities may change on days when you may not be able to buy or sell Fund shares.

In computing the NAV, the Fund values foreign securities held by the Fund at the latest closing price on the exchange in which they are traded immediately prior to closing of the NYSE. Prices of foreign securities quoted in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at current rates. If events materially affecting the value of a security in the Fund's portfolio, particularly foreign securities, occur after the close of trading on a foreign market but before the Fund prices its shares, the security will be valued at fair value. For example, if trading in a portfolio security is halted and does not resume before the Fund calculates its NAV, the Advisor may need to price the security using the Fund's fair value pricing guidelines. Without a fair value price, short-term traders could take advantage of the arbitrage opportunity and dilute the NAV of long-term investors. Fair valuation of the Fund's portfolio securities can serve to reduce arbitrage opportunities available to short-term traders, but there is no assurance that fair value pricing policies will prevent dilution of the Fund's NAV by short term traders. The determination of fair value involves subjective judgments. As a result, using fair value to price a security may result in a price materially different from the prices used by other mutual funds to determine net asset value, or from the price that may be realized upon the actual sale of the security.

With respect to any portion of the Fund's assets that are invested in one or more open-end management investment companies registered under the 1940 Act, the Fund's net asset value is calculated based upon the net asset values of those open-end management investment companies, and the prospectuses for these companies explain the circumstances under which those companies will use fair value pricing and the effects of using fair value pricing.

## How to Purchase Shares

The Fund offers four classes of shares so that you can choose the class that best suits your investment needs: Class A, Class C, Class I and Class N shares. The main differences between each class are sales charges and ongoing fees. In choosing which class of shares to purchase, you should consider which will be most beneficial to you given your investment goals, the amount of your purchase and the length of time you expect to hold the shares. Each class of shares in the Fund represents an interest in the same portfolio of investments in the Fund. Not all share classes may be available for purchase in all states.

*Purchase by Mail:* To purchase the Fund's shares simply complete and sign the Account Application along with a check made payable to "SFG Futures Strategy Fund" and mail:

**via Regular Mail:**

SFG Futures Strategy Fund  
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC  
P.O. Box 541150  
Omaha, NE 68154

**or via Overnight Mail:**

SFG Futures Strategy Fund  
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC  
17605 Wright Street, Suite 2  
Omaha, NE 68130

*Purchase through Brokers:* You may invest in the Fund through brokers or agents who have entered into selling agreements with the Fund's distributor. The brokers and agents are authorized to receive purchase and redemption orders on behalf of the Fund. The Fund will be deemed to have received a purchase or redemption order when an authorized broker or its designee receives the order. The broker or agent may set their own initial and subsequent investment minimums. You may be charged a fee if you use a broker or agent to buy or redeem shares of the Fund. Finally, various servicing agents use procedures and impose restrictions that may be in addition to, or different from those applicable to investors purchasing shares directly from the Fund. You should carefully read the program materials provided to you by your servicing agent. Such brokers are authorized to designate other intermediaries to receive purchase and redemption orders on the fund's behalf.

*Purchase by Wire:* If you wish to wire money to make an investment in the Fund, please call the Fund at 855-256-0149 for wiring instructions and to notify the Fund that a wire transfer is coming. Any commercial bank can transfer same-day funds via wire. The Fund will normally accept wired funds for investment on the day received if they are received by the Fund's designated bank before the close of regular trading on the NYSE. Your bank may charge you a fee for wiring same-day funds.

*Automatic Investment Plan:* You may participate in the Fund's Automatic Investment Plan, an investment plan that automatically moves money from your bank account and invests it in the Fund through the use of electronic funds transfers or automatic bank drafts. You may elect to make subsequent investments by transfers of a minimum of \$100 on specified days of each month into your established Fund account. Please contact the Fund at 855-256-0149 for more information about the Fund's Automatic Investment Plan. Minimum initial investment requirements may be waived for Automatic Investment Plan investors, at the Fund's discretion.

The Fund, however, reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to reject any application to purchase shares. Applications will not be accepted unless they are accompanied by a check drawn on a U.S. bank, thrift institutions, or credit union in U.S. funds for the full amount of the shares to be purchased. After you open an account, you may purchase additional shares by sending a check together with written instructions stating the name(s) on the account and the account number, to the above address. Make all checks payable to **"SFG Futures Strategy Fund."** The Fund will not accept payment in cash, including cashier's checks or money orders. Also, to prevent check fraud, the Fund will not accept third party checks, U.S. Treasury checks, credit card checks or starter checks for the purchase of shares.

*Note:* Gemini Fund Services, LLC, the Fund's transfer agent, will charge a \$25 fee against a shareholder's account, in addition to any loss sustained by the Fund, for any check returned to the transfer agent for insufficient funds.

*Anti-Money Laundering Program:* The USA PATRIOT Act requires financial institutions, including the Fund, to adopt certain policies and programs to prevent money-laundering activities, including procedures to verify the identity of customers opening new accounts. As requested on the application, you should supply your full name, date of birth, social security number and permanent street address. Mailing addresses containing a P.O. Box will not be accepted. This information will assist the Fund in verifying your identity. Until such verification is made, the Fund may temporarily limit additional share purchases. In addition, the Fund may limit additional share purchases or close an account if it is unable to verify a shareholder's identity. As required by law, the Fund may employ various procedures, such as comparing the information to fraud databases or requesting additional information or documentation from you, to ensure that the information supplied by you is correct.

In order to ensure compliance with these laws, the Account Application asks for, among other things, the following information for all "customers" seeking to open an "account" (as those terms are defined in rules adopted pursuant to the USA PATRIOT Act):

- full name;
- date of birth (individuals only);
- Social Security or taxpayer identification number; and
- permanent street address (P.O. Box only is not acceptable).

Accounts opened by entities, such as corporations, limited liability companies, partnerships or trusts, will require additional documentation.

Please note that if any information listed above is missing, your Account Application will be returned and your account will not be opened. In compliance with the USA PATRIOT Act and other applicable anti-money laundering laws and regulations, the Transfer Agent will verify the information on your application as part of the Program. The Fund reserves the right to request additional clarifying information and may close your account if such clarifying information is not received by the Fund within a reasonable time of the request or if the Fund cannot form a reasonable belief as to the true identity of a customer. If you require additional assistance when completing your Account Application, please contact the Transfer Agent at 855-256-0149.

## How to Redeem Shares

You may redeem all or any portion of the shares credited to your account by submitting a written request for redemption to:

**via Regular Mail:**

SFG Futures Strategy Fund  
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC  
P.O. Box 541150  
Omaha, NE 68154

**or via Overnight Mail:**

SFG Futures Strategy Fund  
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC  
17605 Wright Street, Suite 2  
Omaha, NE 68130

*Redemptions by Telephone:* The telephone redemption privilege is automatically available to all new accounts except retirement accounts. If you do not want the telephone redemption privilege, you must indicate this in the appropriate area on your account application or you must write to the Fund and instruct it to remove this privilege from your account.

The proceeds will be sent by mail to the address designated on your account or wired directly to your existing account in a bank or brokerage firm in the United States as designated on your application. To redeem by telephone, call 855-256-0149. The redemption proceeds normally will be sent by mail or by wire within three business days after receipt of your telephone instructions. IRA accounts are not redeemable by telephone.

The Fund reserves the right to suspend the telephone redemption privileges with respect to your account if the name(s) or the address on the account has been changed within the previous 30 days. Neither the Fund, the transfer agent, nor their respective affiliates will be liable for complying with telephone instructions they reasonably believe to be genuine or for any loss, damage, cost or expenses in acting on such telephone instructions and you will be required to bear the risk of any such loss. The Fund or the transfer agent, or both, will employ reasonable procedures to determine that telephone instructions are genuine. If the Fund and/or the transfer agent do not employ these procedures, they may be liable to you for losses due to unauthorized or fraudulent instructions. These procedures may include, among others, requiring forms of personal identification prior to acting upon telephone instructions, providing written confirmation of the transactions and/or tape recording telephone instructions.

*Redemptions through Broker:* If shares of the Fund are held by a broker-dealer, financial institution or other servicing agent, you must contact that servicing agent to redeem shares of the Fund. The servicing agent may charge a fee for this service.

*Redemptions by Wire:* You may request that your redemption proceeds be wired directly to your bank account. The Fund's transfer agent imposes a \$15 fee for each wire redemption and deducts the fee directly from your account. Your bank may also impose a fee for the incoming wire.

*Automatic Withdrawal Plan:* If your individual accounts, IRA or other qualified plan account have a current account value of at least \$10,000, you may participate in the Fund's Automatic Withdrawal Plan, an investment plan that automatically moves money to your bank account from the Fund through the use of electronic funds transfers. You may elect to make subsequent withdrawals by transfers of a minimum of \$100 on specified days of each month into your established bank account. Please contact the Fund at 855-256-0149 for more information about the Fund's Automatic Withdrawal Plan.

**Redemptions in Kind:** The Fund reserves the right to honor requests for redemption or repurchase orders made by a shareholder during any 90-day period by making payment in whole or in part in portfolio securities ("redemption in kind") if the amount of such a request is large enough to affect operations (if the request is greater than the lesser of \$250,000 or 1% of the Fund's net assets at the beginning of the 90-day period). The securities will be chosen by the Fund and valued using the same procedures as used in calculating the Fund's NAV. A shareholder may incur transaction expenses in converting these securities to cash and the shareholder will bear market risk until the securities are converted to cash.

**When Redemptions are Sent:** Once the Fund receives your redemption request in "good order" as described below, it will issue a check based on the next determined NAV following your redemption request. The redemption proceeds normally will be sent by mail or by wire within three business days after receipt of a request in "good order." If you purchase shares using a check and soon after request a redemption, your redemption proceeds will not be sent until the check used for your purchase has cleared your bank.

**Good Order:** Your redemption request will be processed if it is in “good order.” To be in good order, the following conditions must be satisfied:

- The request should be in writing, unless redeeming by telephone, indicating the number of shares or dollar amount to be redeemed;
- The request must identify your account number;
- The request should be signed by you and any other person listed on the account, exactly as the shares are registered; and
- If you request that the redemption proceeds be sent to a person, bank or an address other than that of record or paid to someone other than the record owner(s), or if the address was changed within the last 30 days, or if the proceeds of a requested redemption exceed \$50,000, the signature(s) on the request must be medallion signature guaranteed by an eligible signature guarantor.

**When You Need Medallion Signature Guarantees:** If you wish to change the bank or brokerage account that you have designated on your account, you may do so at any time by writing to the Fund with your signature guaranteed. A medallion signature guarantee assures that a signature is genuine and protects you from unauthorized account transfers. You will need your signature guaranteed if:

- you request a redemption to be made payable to a person not on record with the Fund;
- you request that a redemption be mailed to an address other than that on record with the Fund;
- the proceeds of a requested redemption exceed \$50,000;
- any redemption is transmitted by federal wire transfer to a bank other than the bank of record; or
- your address was changed within 30 days of your redemption request.

Signatures may be guaranteed by any eligible guarantor institution (including banks, brokers and dealers, credit unions, national securities exchanges, registered securities associations, clearing agencies and savings associations). Further documentation will be required to change the designated account if shares are held by a corporation, fiduciary or other organization. *A notary public cannot guarantee signatures.*

**Retirement Plans:** If you own an IRA or other retirement plan, you must indicate on your redemption request whether the Fund should withhold federal income tax. Unless you elect in your redemption request that you do not want to have federal tax withheld, the redemption will be subject to withholding.

**Low Balances:** If at any time your Class A account balance falls below \$2,500, the Fund may notify you that, unless the account is brought up to at least \$2,500 within 60 days of the notice; your account could be closed. After the notice period, the Fund may redeem all of your shares and close your account by sending you a check to the address of record. Your account will not be closed if the account balance drops below required minimum due to a decline in NAV.

## Redemption Fee

The Fund will deduct a 1% redemption fee on the redemption amount if you sell your shares less than 30 days after purchase or shares held less than 30 days are redeemed for failure to maintain the Fund’s low balance minimum. See Low Balances for further information on account closure policy. Shares held longest will be treated as being redeemed first and shares held shortest as being redeemed last. Shares held for 30 days or more are not subject to the 1% fee.

Redemption fees are paid to the Fund directly and are designed to offset costs associated with fluctuations in Fund asset levels and cash flow caused by short-term shareholder trading.

*Waivers of Redemption Fees:* The Fund has elected not to impose the redemption fee for:

- Redemptions and exchanges of Fund shares acquired through the reinvestment of dividends and distributions;
- Certain types of redemptions and exchanges of Fund shares owned through participant-directed retirement plans;

- Redemptions or exchanges in discretionary asset allocation, fee based or wrap programs (“wrap programs”) that are initiated by the sponsor/financial advisor as part of a periodic rebalancing;
- Redemptions or exchanges in a fee based or wrap program that are made as a result of a full withdrawal from the wrap program or as part of a systematic withdrawal plan;
- Involuntary redemptions, such as those resulting from a shareholder’s failure to maintain a minimum investment in the Fund, or to pay shareholder fees; or
- Redemptions or exchanges due to the death or disability of a shareholder, pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order or divorce decree, or similar situations where the Fund, in its discretion, believes it is appropriate in the circumstances.

The Fund reserves the right to modify or eliminate the redemption fees or waivers at any time and will give shareholders 30 days’ prior written notice of any material changes, unless otherwise provided by law. The redemption fee policy may be modified or amended in the future to reflect, among other factors, regulatory requirements mandated by the SEC.

### **Tools to Combat Frequent Transactions**

The Fund discourages and does not accommodate market timing. Frequent trading into and out of the Fund can harm all Fund shareholders by disrupting the Fund’s investment strategies, increasing Fund expenses, decreasing tax efficiency and diluting the value of shares held by long-term shareholders. The Fund is designed for long-term investors and is not intended for market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Accordingly, the Fund’s Board has approved policies that seek to curb these disruptive activities while recognizing that shareholders may have a legitimate need to adjust their Fund investments as their financial needs or circumstances change. The Fund currently uses several methods to reduce the risk of market timing. These methods include:

- Committing staff to review, on a continuing basis, recent trading activity in order to identify trading activity that may be contrary to the Fund’s “Market Timing Trading Policy;” Rejecting or limiting specific purchase requests, and
- Charging a 1.00% redemption charge if shares are held less than 30 days.

Though these methods involve judgments that are inherently subjective and involve some selectivity in their application, the Fund seeks to make judgments and applications that are consistent with the interests of the Fund’s shareholders.

The redemption fee, which is uniformly imposed, is intended to discourage short-term trading and is paid to the Fund to help offset any cost associated with such short-term trading. The Fund will monitor the assessment of redemption fees against your account. Based on the frequency of redemption fees assessed against your account, the Adviser or Transfer Agent may in its sole discretion determine that your trading activity is detrimental to the Fund as described in the Fund’s Market Timing Trading Policy and elect to (i) reject or limit the amount, number, frequency or method for requesting future purchases into the Fund and/or (ii) reject or limit the amount, number, frequency or method for requesting future exchanges or redemptions out of the Fund.

The Fund reserves the right to reject or restrict purchase or exchange requests for any reason, particularly when the shareholder’s trading activity suggests that the shareholder may be engaged in market timing or other disruptive trading activities. Neither the Fund nor the Adviser will be liable for any losses resulting from rejected purchase or exchange orders. The Adviser may also bar an investor who has violated these policies (and the investor’s financial adviser) from opening new accounts with the Fund.

Although the Fund attempts to limit disruptive trading activities, some investors use a variety of strategies to hide their identities and their trading practices. There can be no guarantee that the Fund will be able to identify or limit these activities. Omnibus account arrangements are common forms of holding shares of the Fund. While the Fund will encourage financial intermediaries to apply the Fund’s Market Timing Trading Policy to their customers who invest indirectly in the Fund, the Fund is limited in its ability to monitor the trading activity or enforce the Fund’s Market Timing Trading Policy with respect to customers of financial intermediaries. For example, should it occur, the Fund may not be able to detect market timing that may be facilitated by financial intermediaries or made difficult to identify in the omnibus accounts used by those intermediaries for aggregated purchases, exchanges and redemptions on behalf of all their customers. More specifically, unless the financial intermediaries have the ability to apply the Fund’s Market Timing Trading Policy to their customers through such methods as implementing short-term trading limitations or restrictions, assessing the Fund’s redemption fee and monitoring trading activity for what might be market timing, the Fund may not be able to

determine whether trading by customers of financial intermediaries is contrary to the Fund's Market Timing Trading Policy. Brokers maintaining omnibus accounts with the Fund have agreed to provide shareholder transaction information to the extent known to the broker to the Fund upon request. If the Fund or its transfer agent or shareholder servicing agent suspects there is market timing activity in the account, the Fund will seek full cooperation from the service provider maintaining the account to identify the underlying participant. At the request of the Adviser, the service providers may take immediate action to stop any further short-term trading by such participants.

*Householding:* To reduce expenses, the Fund mails only one copy of the Prospectus and each annual and semi-annual report to those addresses shared by two or more accounts. If you wish to receive individual copies of these documents, please call the Fund at 855-256-0149 on days the Fund is open for business or contact your financial institution. The Fund will begin sending you individual copies thirty days after receiving your request.

Shares of one of the Class of the Fund will not be exchangeable for shares of other Classes.

## **Distribution of Fund Shares**

### **The Distributor**

Northern Lights Distributors, LLC (the "Distributor") is located at 17605 Wright Street, Omaha, NE 68130, and serves as distributor and principal underwriter to the Fund. The Distributor is a registered broker-dealer and member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA"). Shares of the Fund are offered on a continuous basis.

### **Distribution and Shareholder Servicing (12b-1) Plans**

The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Shareholder Servicing Plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 (the "12b-1 Plan") under the 1940 Act applicable to each of Class A, Class N and Class C shares. Under the 12b-1 Plans, the Fund is authorized to pay the Fund's distributor, or such other entities as approved by the Board of Trustees, a fee for the promotion and distribution of the Fund and the provision of personal services to shareholders. The maximum amount of the fee authorized is 0.25% of the Fund's average daily net assets annually for the Class A and Class N shares, and 1.00% of the Fund's daily net assets annually for Class C shares. The distributor may pay any or all amounts received under the 12b-1 Plans to other persons, including the Adviser, for any distribution or service activity. Because these fees are paid out of the Fund's assets on an on-going basis, over time these fees will increase the cost of your investment in the Fund and may cost you more than paying other types of sales charges.

In addition to the fees paid under the 12b-1 Plans, the Fund may pay service fees to intermediaries such as banks, broker-dealers, financial advisors or other financial institutions, including the Adviser and affiliates of the Adviser, for sub-administration, sub-transfer agency and other shareholder services associated with shareholders whose shares are held of record in omnibus, other group accounts or accounts traded through registered securities clearing agents.

### **Additional Compensation to Financial Intermediaries**

The distributor, its affiliates and the Adviser, out of its own resources, and without additional cost to the Fund or its shareholders, may provide additional cash payments or non-cash compensation to intermediaries who sell shares of the Fund. Such payments and compensation are in addition to service fees paid by the Fund, if any. These additional cash payments are generally made to intermediaries that provide shareholder servicing, marketing support and/or access to sales meetings, sales representatives and management representatives of the intermediary. Cash compensation may also be paid to intermediaries for inclusion of the Fund on a sales list, including a preferred or select sales list, in other sales programs or as an expense reimbursement in cases where the intermediary provides shareholder services to the Fund's shareholders. The Adviser may also pay cash compensation in the form of finder's fees that vary depending on the dollar amount of the shares sold.

## Distributions and Taxes

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### Tax Status, Dividends and Distributions

Any sale or exchange of a Fund's shares may generate tax liability (unless you are a tax-exempt investor or your investment is in a qualified retirement account). When you redeem your shares you may realize a taxable gain or loss. This is measured by the difference between the proceeds of the sale and the tax basis for the shares you sold. (To aid in computing your tax basis, you generally should retain your account statements for the period that you hold shares in the Fund.)

The Fund intends to distribute substantially all of its net investment income and net capital gains annually in December. Both distributions will be reinvested in shares of the Fund unless you elect to receive cash. Dividends from net investment income (including any excess of net short-term capital gain over net long-term capital loss) are taxable to investors as ordinary income, while distributions of net capital gain (the excess of net long-term capital gain over net short-term capital loss) are generally taxable as long-term capital gain, regardless of your holding period for the shares. Any dividends or capital gain distributions you receive from the Fund will normally be taxable to you when made, regardless of whether you reinvest dividends or capital gain distributions or receive them in cash. Certain dividends or distributions declared in October, November or December will be taxed to shareholders as if received in December if they are paid during the following January. Each year the Fund will inform you of the amount and type of your distributions. IRAs and other qualified retirement plans are exempt from federal income taxation until retirement proceeds are paid out to the participant.

Your redemptions, including exchanges, may result in a capital gain or loss for federal income tax purposes. A capital gain or loss on your investment is the difference between the cost of your shares, including any sales charges, and the amount you receive when you sell them.

On the account application, you will be asked to certify that your social security number or taxpayer identification number is correct and that you are not subject to backup withholding for failing to report income to the IRS. If you are subject to backup withholding or you did not certify your taxpayer identification number, the IRS requires the Fund to withhold a percentage of any dividend, redemption or exchange proceeds. The Fund reserves the right to reject any application that does not include a certified social security or taxpayer identification number. If you do not have a social security number, you should indicate on the purchase form that your application to obtain a number is pending. The Fund is required to withhold taxes if a number is not delivered to the Fund within seven days.

This summary is not intended to be and should not be construed to be legal or tax advice. This summary is general in nature and should not be regarded as an exhaustive presentation of all possible tax ramifications. The tax considerations relevant to a specific shareholder depend upon its specific circumstances, and this summary does not attempt to discuss all potential tax considerations that could be relevant to a prospective shareholder with respect to the Fund or its investments. This general summary is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), the Federal Income Tax Regulations promulgated thereunder, and administrative and judicial interpretations thereof as of the date hereof, all of which are subject to change (potentially on a retroactive basis). You should consult your own independent tax advisors to determine the tax consequences of owning the Fund's shares.

*Other Reporting and Withholding Requirements.* Payments to a shareholder that is either a foreign financial institution ("FFI") or a non-financial foreign entity ("NFFE") within the meaning of the Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("FATCA") may be subject to a generally nonrefundable 30% withholding tax on: (a) income and dividends paid by a Fund after June 30, 2014 and (b) certain capital gain distributions and the gross proceeds arising from the sale of Fund shares paid by the Fund after December 31, 2018. FATCA withholding tax generally can be avoided: (a) by an FFI, subject to any applicable intergovernmental agreement or other exemption, if it either enters into a valid agreement with the IRS or otherwise complies with the specific requirements and provisions of an applicable intergovernmental agreement, in each case to, among other requirements, to collect and report required information about certain direct and indirect ownership of foreign financial accounts held by U.S. persons with the FFI and (b) by an NFFE, if it: (i) certifies that it has no substantial U.S. persons as owners or (ii) if it does have such owners, reports information relating to them. A Fund may disclose the information that it receives from its shareholders to the IRS, non-U.S. taxing authorities or other parties as necessary to comply with FATCA. Withholding also may be required if a foreign entity that is a shareholder of a Fund fails to provide the Fund with appropriate certifications or other documentation concerning its status under FATCA.

## Consolidated Financial Highlights

The consolidated financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand the Fund's financial performance for the period of the Fund's operations. Certain information reflects financial results for a single Fund share. The total returns in the tables represent the rate that an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the Fund (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been derived from the consolidated financial statements audited by Tait, Weller & Baker LLP whose report, along with the Fund's consolidated financial statements, are included in the Fund's August 31, 2017 annual report, which is available at no charge upon request.

### Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Year

	Class A				
	For the Year Ended August 31, 2017	For the Year Ended August 31, 2016	For the Year Ended August 31, 2015	For the Year Ended August 31, 2014	For the Year Ended August 31, 2013
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 9.93	\$ 9.71	\$ 9.56	\$ 9.12	\$ 9.85
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment loss <sup>(1)</sup>	(0.11)	(0.14)	(0.15)	(0.13)	(0.15)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(0.41)	0.54	0.30	0.57	(0.44)
Total from investment operations	(0.52)	0.40	0.15	0.44	(0.59)
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.36)	(0.18)	—	—	(0.14)
Total distributions	(0.36)	(0.18)	—	—	(0.14)
Paid-in-Capital From Redemption Fees	—	—	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 9.05	\$ 9.93	\$ 9.71	\$ 9.56	\$ 9.12
Total return <sup>(3)</sup>	(5.33)%	4.19%	1.57%	4.82%	(6.00)%
Net assets, at end of year(000s)	\$ 2	\$ 21	\$ 138	\$ 165	\$ 836
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets <sup>(4,5)</sup>	2.75%	2.74%	2.76%	2.88%	2.99%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets <sup>(5)</sup>	1.88%	1.88%	1.88%	1.88%	1.88%
Ratio of net investment loss to average net assets <sup>(5)</sup>	(1.20)%	(1.47)%	(1.46)%	(1.47)%	(1.59)%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	19%	12%	14%	4%	0%

(1) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the period.

(2) Represents less than \$0.01 per share.

(3) Total returns shown exclude the effect of applicable sales charges and redemption fees and assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

(4) Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements by the Advisor.

(5) The ratios of expenses to average net assets and net investment loss do not reflect the Fund's proportionate share of expenses of underlying investment companies in which the fund invests.

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Year

	<b>Class C</b>				
	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2017</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2016</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2015</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2014</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2013</b>
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 9.56	\$ 9.51	\$ 9.43	\$ 9.07	\$ 9.84
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment loss <sup>(1)</sup>	(0.16)	(0.21)	(0.22)	(0.21)	(0.22)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(0.40)	0.50	0.30	0.57	(0.43)
Total from investment operations	(0.56)	0.29	0.08	0.36	(0.65)
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.31)	(0.24)	—	—	(0.12)
Total distributions	(0.31)	(0.24)	—	—	(0.12)
Paid-in-Capital From Redemption Fees	—	—	—	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 8.69	\$ 9.56	\$ 9.51	\$ 9.43	\$ 9.07
Total return <sup>(3)</sup>	(5.89)%	3.15%	0.85%	3.97%	(6.66)%
Net assets, at end of year(000s)	\$ 49	\$ 52	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 105
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets <sup>(4,5)</sup>	3.50%	3.49%	3.51%	3.63%	3.74%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets <sup>(5)</sup>	2.63%	2.63%	2.63%	2.63%	2.63%
Ratio of net investment loss to average net assets <sup>(5)</sup>	(1.81)%	(2.17)%	(2.22)%	(2.32)%	(2.33)%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	19%	12%	14%	4%	0%

(1) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the period.

(2) Represents less than \$0.01 per share.

(3) Total returns shown exclude the effect of applicable sales charges and redemption fees and assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

(4) Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements by the Advisor.

(5) The ratios of expenses to average net assets and net investment loss do not reflect the Fund's proportionate share of expenses of underlying investment companies in which the fund invests.

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Year

	<b>Class I</b>				
	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2017</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2016</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2015</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2014</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2013</b>
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 9.81	\$ 9.75	\$ 9.62	\$ 9.16	\$ 9.87
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment loss <sup>(1)</sup>	(0.07)	(0.11)	(0.12)	(0.12)	(0.13)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(0.41)	0.51	0.30	0.58	(0.43)
Total from investment operations	(0.48)	0.40	0.18	0.46	(0.56)
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.41)	(0.34)	(0.05)	—	(0.15)
Total distributions	(0.41)	(0.34)	(0.05)	—	(0.15)
Paid-in-Capital From Redemption Fees <sup>(2)</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 8.92	\$ 9.81	\$ 9.75	\$ 9.62	\$ 9.16
Total return <sup>(3)</sup>	(4.98)%	4.27%	1.79%	5.02%	(5.72)%
Net assets, at end of year(000s)	\$ 27,352	\$ 27,508	\$ 26,288	\$ 26,674	\$ 26,279
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets <sup>(4,5)</sup>	2.50%	2.49%	2.51%	2.63%	2.74%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets <sup>(5)</sup>	1.63%	1.63%	1.63%	1.63%	1.63%
Ratio of net investment loss to average net assets <sup>(5)</sup>	(0.81)%	(1.17)%	(1.22)%	(1.34)%	(1.33)%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	19%	12%	14%	4%	0%

(1) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the period.

(2) Represents less than \$0.01 per share.

(3) Total returns shown exclude the effect of applicable sales charges and redemption fees and assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

(4) Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements by the Advisor.

(5) The ratios of expenses to average net assets and net investment loss do not reflect the Fund's proportionate share of expenses of underlying investment companies in which the fund invests.

Per Share Data and Ratios for a Share of Beneficial Interest Outstanding Throughout Each Year

	<b>Class N</b>				
	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2017</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2016</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2015</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2014</b>	<b>For the Year Ended August 31, 2013</b>
Net asset value, beginning of year	\$ 9.93	\$ 9.71	\$ 9.56	\$ 9.12	\$ 9.85
Activity from investment operations:					
Net investment loss <sup>(1)</sup>	(0.11)	(0.15)	(0.15)	(0.13)	(0.15)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments	(0.41)	0.55	0.30	0.57	(0.58)
Total from investment operations	(0.52)	0.40	0.15	0.44	(0.73)
Less distributions from:					
Net investment income	(0.36)	(0.18)	—	—	—
Total distributions	(0.36)	(0.18)	—	—	—
Paid-in-Capital From Redemption Fees	—	—	—	—	0.00 <sup>(2)</sup>
Net asset value, end of year	\$ 9.05	\$ 9.93	\$ 9.71	\$ 9.56	\$ 9.12
Total return <sup>(3)</sup>	(5.33)%	4.19%	1.57%	4.82%	(7.41)%
Net assets, at end of year(000s) <sup>(4)</sup>	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Ratio of gross expenses to average net assets <sup>(5,6)</sup>	2.75%	2.74%	2.76%	2.88%	2.99%
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets <sup>(6)</sup>	1.88%	1.88%	1.88%	1.88%	1.88%
Ratio of net investment loss to average net assets <sup>(6)</sup>	(1.20)%	(1.47)%	(1.46)%	(1.47)%	(1.59)%
Portfolio Turnover Rate	19%	12%	14%	4%	0%

(1) Per share amounts calculated using the average shares method, which more appropriately presents the per share data for the period.

(2) Represents less than \$0.01 per share.

(3) Total returns shown exclude the effect of applicable sales charges and redemption fees and assumes the reinvestment of distributions.

(4) Represents less than \$1,000 in net assets.

(5) Represents the ratio of expenses to average net assets absent fee waivers and/or expense reimbursements by the Advisor.

(6) The ratios of expenses to average net assets and net investment loss do not reflect the Fund's proportionate share of expenses of underlying investment companies in which the fund invests.

# Privacy Policy

Rev. July 2015

FACTS	WHAT DOES NORTHERN LIGHTS FUND TRUST II (“NLFT II”) DO WITH YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?
<b>Why?</b>	Financial companies choose how they share your personal information. Federal law gives consumers the right to limit some but not all sharing. Federal law also requires us to tell you how we collect, share, and protect your personal information. Please read this notice carefully to understand what we do.
<b>What?</b>	<p>The types of personal information we collect and share depend on the product or service you have with us. This information can include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Social Security number</li> <li>• Employment information</li> <li>• Account balances</li> <li>• Account transactions</li> <li>• Income</li> <li>• Investment experience</li> </ul> <p>When you are no longer our customer, we continue to share your information as described in this notice.</p>
<b>How?</b>	All financial companies need to share a customer’s personal information to run their everyday business - to process transactions, maintain customer accounts, and report to credit bureaus. In the section below, we list the reasons financial companies can share their customer’s personal information; the reasons NLFT II chooses to share; and whether you can limit this sharing.

Reasons we can share your personal information	Does NLFT II share?	Can you limit this sharing?
For our everyday business purposes -- such as to process your transactions, maintain your account(s), respond to court orders and legal investigations, or report to credit bureaus	Yes	No
For our marketing purposes -- to offer our products and services to you	Yes	No
For joint marketing with other financial companies	Yes	No
For our affiliates’ everyday business purposes -- information about your transactions and experiences	Yes	No
For our affiliates’ everyday business purposes -- information about your creditworthiness	No	We don’t share
For nonaffiliates to market to you	No	We don’t share

<b>Questions?</b>	Call 1-402-493-4603
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Who we are	
Who is providing this notice?	Northern Lights Fund Trust II
What we do	
How does NLFT II protect my personal information?	To protect your personal information from unauthorized access and use, we use security measures that comply with federal law. These measures include computer safeguards and secured files and buildings.
How does NLFT II collect my personal information?	<p>We collect your personal information, for example, when you</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• open an account</li> <li>• give us your income information</li> <li>• provide employment information</li> <li>• provide account information</li> <li>• give us your contact information</li> </ul> <p>We also collect your personal information from others, such as credit bureaus, affiliates, or other companies.</p>
Why can't I limit all sharing?	<p>Federal law gives you the right to limit only</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• sharing for affiliates' everyday business purposes—information about your creditworthiness</li> <li>• affiliates from using your information to market to you</li> <li>• sharing for nonaffiliates to market to you</li> </ul> <p>State laws and individual companies may give you additional rights to limit sharing.</p>
Definitions	
<b>Affiliates</b>	<p>Companies related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <p><i>The following companies may be considered affiliates of NLFT II:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>CLS Investments, LLC</i></li> <li>• <i>NorthStar Financial Services Group, LLC</i></li> <li>• <i>NorthStar CTC Holdings, Inc.</i></li> <li>• <i>NorthStar Topco, LLC</i></li> <li>• <i>Blu Giant, LLC</i></li> <li>• <i>Gemini Fund Services, LLC</i></li> <li>• <i>Gemini Alternative Funds, LLC</i></li> <li>• <i>Gemini Hedge Fund Services, LLC</i></li> <li>• <i>Northern Lights Compliance Services, LLC</i></li> <li>• <i>Northern Lights Distributors, LLC</i></li> <li>• <i>Orion Advisor Services, LLC</i></li> <li>• <i>Constellation Trust Company</i></li> </ul>
<b>Nonaffiliates</b>	<p>Companies not related by common ownership or control. They can be financial and nonfinancial companies.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>NLFT II does not share with nonaffiliates so they can market to you.</i></li> </ul>
<b>Joint marketing</b>	<p>A formal agreement between nonaffiliated financial companies that together market financial products and services to you.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <i>Our joint marketing partners include other financial service companies.</i></li> </ul>

***Investment Adviser***

Solutions Funds Group, Inc.  
300 Village Green, Suite 210  
Lincolnshire, IL 60069

***Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm***

Tait, Weller & Baker LLP  
1818 Market Street, Suite 2400  
Philadelphia, PA 19103

***Legal Counsel***

Alston & Bird, LLP  
950 F Street NW  
Washington, D.C. 20004

***Custodian***

MUFG Union Bank, National Association  
400 California Street  
San Francisco, CA 94104

***Transfer Agent, Fund Accountant and Fund Administrator***

Gemini Fund Services, LLC  
17605 Wright Street, Suite 2  
Omaha, NE 68130

***Distributor***

Northern Lights Distributors, LLC  
17605 Wright Street  
Omaha, NE 68130

**SFG Futures Strategy Fund**  
a series of the Northern Lights Fund Trust II

**FOR MORE INFORMATION**

You can find more information about the Fund in the following documents:

**Statement of Additional Information**

The SAI provides additional details about the investments and techniques of the Fund and certain other additional information. A current SAI is on file with the SEC and is incorporated into this Prospectus by reference. This means that the SAI is legally considered a part of this Prospectus even though it is not physically within this Prospectus.

**Annual and Semi-Annual Reports**

Additional information about the Fund's investments will also be available in the Fund's Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to Shareholders. In the Fund's Annual Report, you will find a discussion of the market conditions and investment strategies that significantly affected the Fund's performance during its last fiscal year.

To obtain a free copy of the SAI and, when issued, the Annual and Semi-Annual Reports to Shareholders, or make general inquiries about the Fund by calling the Fund (toll-free) at 855-256-0149 or visit [www.sfgalternatives.com](http://www.sfgalternatives.com).

You may also write to:

**SFG Futures Strategy Fund**  
c/o Gemini Fund Services, LLC  
17605 Wright Street, Suite 2  
Omaha, NE 68130

You can review and copy information, including the Fund's reports and SAI, at the SEC's Public Reference Room in Washington, D.C. You can obtain information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling (202) 551-8090. Reports and other information about the Fund are also available:

- free of charge from the SEC's EDGAR database on the SEC's Internet website at <http://www.sec.gov>;
- for a fee, by writing to the SEC's Public Reference Room, 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549-1520; or
- for a fee, by electronic request at the following e-mail address: [publicinfo@sec.gov](mailto:publicinfo@sec.gov).

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(The Trust's SEC Investment Company Act file number is 811-22549)